Bedford Gazette.

BY GEO. W. BOWMAN. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. TERMS, $2 PER YEAR.

NEW SERIES. FRIDAY MORNING, BEDFORD, PA. MARCH 27, 1857. VOL. XXV. NO. 30.

STATEMENT

AND Report of WM. F. MOORHEAD, Steward of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford County, from the 1st day of January 1856, to the 1st day of January 1857.

	DR.
To balance on last settlement	8 68
Cash of E Harmer for corn	90
J L Lessig, corn &c.	4 18
H Nicodemus, old accounts	33 55
George Gray, calf	2 75
J Claar, horse feed	1 00
Robt Fyan, flour	7 50
Shuck and Jordan, hominy	50
T R Gettys, corn and tallow	3 21
John Crouse, flour	3 00
Colored man, oats	36
Hiram Lentz, hay	2 00
Rev A E Gibson, flour	6 50
John P Arnold, wheat	6 25
John Hafer, hominy	37½
John P Arnold, corn	10
S H Tate, Esq., flour	6 00
Robt Kurtz, sheep	5 00
J C Kiser, flour	6 00
Geo C Leader, account	90
John Reighart, corn	80
A Price, corn	80
Mrs Beegle, account	5 15
P Sansom, buckwheat	1 00
Mrs Huzzard, wheat	3 00
Charles Merwine, account	1 00
John Shoenberger, green corn	1 50
Francis Jordan, Esq., do	50
David Mann, do	50
Alx King, Esq., vegetables	1 12½
D Dreuning, corn	50
Dr F C Reamer, vegetables	1 00
Saml Defibaugh, sheep	6 00
J H Rush, on note	7 63
S Shuck, tomatoes	37½
J Cessna, Esq., vegetables	2 37½
Wm W Shuck, tomatoes	1 25
F R Jordan, Esq., butter	1 62½
Wm Boober, hay	1 50
A Middleton, hay and tallow	2 25
A Robbins, hay	1 00
J Bolinger, wheat	3 75
S Bagley, wheat	6 25
J H Rush, wheat	3 00
Hugh Moore, onions	25
Saml Way, for checks	150 00
Wm Cessna, for pig	50
Geo Widle, flour	69
E Trout, horse	145 00
Wm Weisel, flour	62
Geo Blymire, flour	7 50
John Boor, vegetables	25
Martin Boor, shoat	3 06
Wm Bowles, pasture	50
H Reamer, pasture	1 25
A Robbins, flour	50
Saml Carn, corn	2 65
Dr B F Harry, butter	3 52
Rev A E Gibson, butter	2 51
From Directors for A Statler	25 00
	$197 73

	CR.
Paid S Defibaugh on account	55
S Vondersmith, pork	19 08
Sundry persons, marketing	19 10
G B Wisegarver, brick	69½
Wm & J C Kiser, hat for pauper	1 00
F D Beegle, goods	1 31
Saml Amick, brooms	30
T W Horton, issuing warrant	50
Rev J T Phelps for muslin	3 10
Out door pauper	50
M Diehl, straw	1 56
Sundry persons, apples	3 50
Geo Bortz, apples	25
J B Luther, thread	50
E Trout, turkeys	1 25
Chas Colfelt, corn &c	7 12½
Jacob Mock, sled	5 00
H Defibaugh, on account	2 00
Balser Dull, pruning trees	2 75
Jacob Mock, vinegar and potatoes	7 00
Bed-rand basket	1 31
M Gallaher, making fence	1 50
W Heltzel, altering pigs and lambs	1 05
A Robbins, bringing pauper	2 73
S Spidel, for work	15
R Kurtz, for beef	1 87½
W Cook, for beef	1 17
Boy for driving cattle	31
Colored man, shearing sheep	2 52
Chimney sweep	50
A R Crane, beans	50
Wm Trout, potatoes	1 50
Joseph Hunt, potatoes	1 87½
Sundry persons for cleaning race	9 25
Expenses in bringing pauper from Hopewell	1 00
Jacob Mock for potatoes	3 07½
Christian Stoner for fruit	1 00
Sundry persons for mowing	9 00
S L Russell, Esq., on judgment	29
Expenses to and from Stonerstown	1 26
W Herring, filing saw	25
Mrs Saupp P O Stamps	1 25
Kelly and Dugdale for vinegar	25
Poor woman per order on Directors	1 50
Wm Criechbaum, repairing pump	1 00
Abram Hermon, tinware	2 25
Geo Gray for beef	1 95
Saml Way for apples	1 25
M Gallaher, sundry work	11 00
M Diehl, for straw	50
D Brown for sheep	2 00
John Christ, potatoes	3 00
Wm Hartley, seed wheat	12 50
John Amos for straw	25
D Harshberger, vinegar	4 00
Simon Cook for beef	5 20
John Way for applebutter	15 00
A R Crane for applebutter	6 00
J D Shuck for horse	125 00
P Ritchey for fruit	5 00
Riser & White, groceries	49 00
Martin Boor for straw	25
Expenses to Cumb Valley	1 62½
J. Statler, mill cogs	1 43
In Treasury	1 50
Saml Davis, bringing pauper	75
Alx Defibaugh, groceries	2 50
Mrs Claar, on account	2 00
S Amick and A Defibaugh, bringing	7 25
John Bittinger for dried fruit	1 50
Isaac Lippel, vest for pauper	1 53
Expenses in hauling Jail	2 72½
Expenses in hauling groceries	1 25
Mrs Bittinger, fruit	4 80
Geo Russell, beef	25
Geo Russell for toll	25 00
A Statler for coal	
	$501 11
	197 73
Balance due Steward	3 38

STATEMENT of the Poor House Mill from the 1st day of Jan. 1856, to the 1st day of January 1857.

TO amount of toll grain brought in by the mill as per monthly return.	Wheat.	Rye.	Corn.	Buckw't.	Mixture.
February,	42	9	9	5	
March,	68	12	14	4	4
April	63	34	19½	4½	4
May,	38	31	8		5
June,	32	17	5		2
July,	31½	10	6		
August,	25	17	3		
September,	32½	10	1		
October,	26	6	2	12	
November,	26	9	3½	6	
December,	21	6½	4	6	
	397½	161½	75	37½	15
Bought of W Reddig,	50				
Raised on the farm,	48			31	
Whole amount,	495½	161½	75	68½	15

By amount of Grain used in the Poor House and sold to sundry persons for cash, and on account, and for work done in repairs to Mill, House, &c.

	Wheat	Rye	Corn	Buckwt	Mix
Amt of grain used in Poor House	312		31	25	
Horse feed		40			
Hogs and cattle		24			17
Sold sun persons	100	65	32	33¼	
" in mill in flour	50				
	492	129	66	58¾	17
Amt rem in mill	3½	32½	11	10	

List of paupers admitted, discharged, died, &c. during each month, and the number remaining at the end of each month; also the average number supported in the House during the year, together with the number of out-door paupers supported and buried by the Institution from the 1st day of Jan. 1856, to the 1st day of Jan. 1857.

	Admitted	Discharged.	Eloped.	Deaths.	Births.	Children bound	Males remain's	Females rem's
Remaining in the House Jan. 1 '56.							25	15
January	1	2					26	16
February	8	4					28	18
March	6	7					21	24
April	3	8	2	1			19	19
May	8	3				1	24	19
June	5	13					21	17
July	3	3			1		20	18
August			1		1		20	17
September	3			2	1	1	21	16
October	3	3					21	16
November	7	6	1				20	17
December	3	1			1		23	18
	53	50	3	4	3	3	268	212

Making an average of 19 per month, of whom 5 are colored. There are also 5 who are blind, 12 insane and 7 who are confined to bed.

There were also 4 out door paupers who are not included in the above. Funeral and other expenses were also paid for 5 deceased paupers in the County who were unable to be brought to the Poor House.—Bills were paid for boarding and medical attendance for paupers who were sick in different parts of the County—136 wayfaring persons were provided with board, lodging &c. of whom 55 were from Germany, 31 from Ireland, 5 from France, 4 from Denmark, 4 from Sweden, 4 from Italy, 1 from Poland, 1 from Scotland, 1 from England and 30 Americans.

Statement of the produce of the Farm and Garden from the 1st of January 1856, to the 1st of January 1857.

18 bushels of wheat; 45 bushels oats; 220 bushels corn; 31 bushels buckwheat; 196 bushels potatoes; 16 bushels onions, 1½ do small onions; 15 do beets; 7 do turnips; 10 do parsnips; 20 do tomatoes; 3 do beans; 16 tons hay; 6 loads fodder; 2100 heads cabbage; 3 barrels krout; 3 do vinegar; 1 do cucumber pickles. 170 pounds wool; 3250 pounds pork, 3612 do beef; 443 do veal; 86 do mutton; 416 do lard; 233 do tallow; 416 do butter; 42 gallons applebutter; 7 calf hides; 8 beef hides.

Live Stock on Farm.

2 horses, 8 cows, 51 sheep, 3 brood sows, 16 shoats.

Feed for Stock.

10 tons of hay: 1 load of fodder, 25 bushels corn, 10 bushels of oats.

Articles manufactured in the House by Matron.

34 shirts, 19 sheets, 8 sacks, 29 chemise, 30 pair socks, 24 pair stockings, 28 pairs mens' pants, 16 childrens' dresses, 1 feather tick, 4 flannel skirts, 6 round jackets, 6 vests, 17 calico dresses for women, 11 linsey do, 10 dresses for children, 28 aprons, 6 night caps, 12 pair pillow slips, 10 barrels soft soap, 87 pounds hard soap, 8 pairs mens' drawers, 4 comforts, 10 quilted skirts, 2 hoods, 4 shrouds.

Amount of produce sold to sundry persons for cash and on account.

360 pounds beef, 155 tallow, 130 butter, 1600 pounds hay, 96 heads of cabbage, 75 pounds lard, 9 sheep, 2 calves.

Amount of checks issued prior to 1855 and remaining unpaid from the 1st January, 1855,	$3060 00
Amount issued up to Jan. 1856,	4540 85
Amount issued from the 1st Jan. 1856 to January 1857	3568 73
	$11169 58
Am't due from collectors	$8730 56
Am't due on judgments	123 30
Am't paid on checks for '55	2857 08
Am't paid on checks for '56	2148 10
	$9659 04
	$9659 04
Making the Indebtedness of the Institution up to the 1st Jan. 1857	$1510 54

We, the understigned, Directors of the poor and House of Employment of Bedford County, do certify, that we have examined the annexed account, Statement and report of W. F. Moorhead, Steward of said Poor and House of Employment, from the 1s January 1856 until the 1st of January 1857, and find the same to be correct.

Witness our hands and seals this 1st day of January, 1857.

G. D. TROUT,
G. D. SHUCK,
GEORGE ELDER.

Attest. *Directors.*

T. R. GETTYS, JR., Clerk,
March 27, 1857.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

OF THE POOR AND HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

GEORGE W. BLYMIRE, in Account with the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford County, for the year ending Jan. 1, 1857.

	DR.
To cash from Henry Wilt, collector East Providence tp, for 1853	3 87
S Shuck, col. Bedford B. 1855, in full	2 79
A Snowden, Cumb. Valley, 1854	60 35
P H Shires, Bedford Bor. 1855	126 81½
J H Schnably, Bedford tp	169 90
T H Horton, Broadtop tp	16 53
Nicholas Koontz, Colerain	63 55
Levi Hardinger, Cumb. V.	83 90
Geo Long, Hopewell	59 67½
J B Hardman, Harrison	62 22
John Riley, Juniata	30 03
Saml Berkstresser, Liberty	71 70
Jas C Devore, Londonderry	57 74
Wm Carnell, Monroe	90 85
John Whetstone, Napier	151 11
G P Martin, E Prov.	77 02
Israel Morris, W Prov.	2 63
John Alstadt, St Clair	134 42
Arnold Lashley, Southampton	41 86
Peter Ewalt, Schell-burg Bor	15 87
John Wysong, Union	54 72
Robt Elder, Mid Woodberry	243 91
Danl Miller, S Woodberry	142 39
B W Garretson, Bedford Bor	93 00
Jacob Biddle, Bedford tp 1856	66 36
T W Horton, Broadtop	13 57
Elias Gump, Colerain	113 60
H B Wertz, Harrison	23 00
Wm Gillespie, Juniata	71 00
D Cyphers, Liberty	35 00
Jacob Evans, Londonderry	100 00
Jeremiah Akers, Monroe	90 00
Henry Eguif, Napier	126 69
Saml Wink, E Prov.	73 00
John Sparks, W Prov.	50 00
Jacob Andrews, St Clair	92 32
D Tewell, Southampton	50 00
Henry Horne, Schell-burg Bor	39 00
Michael Wertz, Union	162 37
S Baird, Mid Woodberry	146 00
John L Hill, Juniata 1851	35 00
Jacob Barndollar	100 00
John Lutz	528 00
John Mower	130 00
Wm F Moorhead	74 43
Lemuel Evans	2 00
Wm Dibert, Judgment	9 87½
Jonathan Diehl, Judgment	22 12½
Error in Checks,	91 06
Balance due Treasurer	69 02
	$4361 77

	CR.
S Defibaugh, bill of beef 1853	7 87½
S Defibaugh, do 1854	29 88
S Defibaugh, do do	27 47
King & Jordan, Miltenberger case	9 30
H Nicodemus, issuing orders	11 86
W Whetstone, cider and apples 1855	11 33
A Ickes, apple-butter and apples	12 02½
Fisher & Alsip, molasses	22 00
A R Crane, sundries	24 31
John Watson, witness	5 00
John Beeler, salt	5 80
Dr W H Watson, at. out door pauper	21 87½
Geo Blymire, tin-ware &c.	13 16½
W Gephart, note given by Treasurer	17 38
Jas M Gibson, half year's salary	50 06
S H Tate, balance of salary	12 51
A B Cramer & Co., goods	55 56
Thos Oliver, pork	14 85
J W Crisman, beef	11 48½
W T Chapman, issuing orders	5 23
John Stonercook, for coffin	3 12
S H Tate, adm'r of J M Gibson	75 61
A R Crane, pork	3 59
Wm Philips, seed wheat	7 50
John Little, bringing pauper	5 41
Laben Johnson, sup out door pau	25 29
Rupp & Oster, goods	23 81
Wm Bucher, sup out door paup	2 11½
Mrs Bucher, burying out door paup	6 00
Nicholas Lyons, goods	13 56½
Peter Radebaugh, goods	43 24
Saml Barahart, cloverseed	15 60
John Bridaham, brick	2 25
Mrs Stuckey, beef	16 56
Wm Gephart, applebutter	5 00
Peter Radebaugh, goods	52 64
John Moorhead, cattle	28 00
Danl Shus, cider and apples	5 25
Simon Cook, beef	1 19
J M Gibson, goods	121 81
Sansom & Gephart, goods	37 45
Rupp & Oster, goods	67 42
Peter Ewalt, exoneration	1 77
Robt Fyan, goods	31 09
J Cessna, check prev. granted 1856	166 00
John Whetstone, exoneration	11 33
Geo Stuckey, coal	9 40
Saml Clark, 2 cattle	26 00
John May, apples and applebutter	7 06¼
G W Bowman, printing	74 43
Jonathan Heltzel, keeping paup	8 00
Wm Barefoot, 3 cattle	52 65
John Cessna, part on check	100 00
Michael Bannan, casting	54 26
John Bittinger, apples	2 00
S D Broad, repairing mill	41 32
Sansom & Gephart, balance acc't	11 09½
Israel Morris, error in duplicate	5 63
J D Dively, out door paupers	18 00
B R Aschom, applebutter and pork	5 00
Dr R F Miller, med. attendance	5 65
John Bowser, six barrels flour	19 82
Robt Fyan, in full check No 131	34 56
Geo Blymire, stoves and tinware	50 45¼
Robt Fyan, goods	54 56¼
S D Broad, work done at mill	30 00
J M Vanhorn, issuing warrants	1 50
Michael Holderbaum, ½ ton plaster	5 50
Jas Ling, 1 brood sow and pigs	19 47
Jas K Hillam, goods	10 35
Jacob Reed, goods	30 21
Jos Spangler, 1 hominy mill	8 00
Saml Bottomfield, potatoes	5 00
Andrew Horne, pork	31 00
S Shuck & Co., goods and leather	62 49
Henry Naugle, bringing paup	4 00
Wm Milburn, cabinet work	4 00
Henry Ickes, 1 cow and calf	11 67
John Cessna, check prev. granted	37 50
Jesse Willis, pork	104 00
W F Moorhead, for farm hand	63 74
Jesse Yarnell, mutton	80 56¼
Fred Oaks, bringing paup	7 78
Robt Kurtz, beef	5 62½
Saml Shuck, exoneration	7 99
Saml Brown, int. on checks	8 31
Fred Oaks, bringing paupers	74 16
Spidel & Perrin, repairing spindle	1 00
Michael Wertz, exonerations	2 00
W Creichbaum, bal on settlement	6 77
Wm F Moorhead, quarter's salary	5 88
J A Sleek, coal	76 45
John Corley, half year's salary	7 00
Fred Oaks, bringing pauper	10 00
Henry Wilt, exonerations	1 62½
John Alsip, smut machine	7 13
O Bullard, seal for poor house	104 00
W F Moorehead, quarter's salary	76 69
C M Carn, apples and applebutter	10 00
Wm R tchey, applebutter	70 00
Thos R Gettys, salary as clerk	4 50
John Shartzer, 50 bu corn	1 75
John Honestine, applebutter	6 25
Jacob Barndollar, goods	25 00
S. Johnson, keeping out-door pau	10 00
D Evans, sup out-door pau	45 12
John Shafer, corn,	26 50
Eve Stuckey, 25 bu corn	17 00
T R Gettys, quarter's salary	8 43
Joshua Mower, bal on settlement	12 50
James O'Neal, bringing pau	6 25
F D Beegle, goods	8 94
Jesse Dicken, out-door pau	2 00
Jacob Reed, goods	7 85
	28 00
	28 01

A Richey, applebut. and potatoes		$24 86
John Ressler, bringing pauper		3 50
J F Dearman, removing pauper		2 80
John Corley, services,		10 00½
G W Householder, rem. pauper		4 07
John H Rush, error in set.		8 20
Gideon D Trout, goods		5 75½
John Wysong, exoneration		5 00
Gideon D Trout, services		20 00
Andrew Statler, coal		10 98¾
James Devore, exoneration		5 13
S P Whitfield, bringing pauper		4 27½
T R Gettys mak dup and sal'y,		31 25
Gideon D Trout goods,		80 82
Gideon B Martin exoneration,		5 70
Isriel Morris exoneration,		8 85
Arnold Lashley, exoneration		4 40
John Reily, exoneration		4 62½
Samuel Berkstresser, exoneration		41 53
Jas Cessna, check prev granted		392 51
John Long, bringing pauper,		26 25
John Gates, bringing pauper		1 67½
Lemuel Evans, bringing pauper		6 94
S Burket, bringing pauper,		6 87½
T H Way, applebutter		4 75
Alfred Craine, medicine		17 00
M Weisel, coopering		5 57
S Castner, at on paupers		44 50
Dover, printing		26 00
Lyons, goods		37 49
John Long, bringing pauper		4 00
Jese Dicken, keeping out-door pau		24 00
Ruben Keller, potatoes		5 50
Jon Feeister, pork		61 05
W S Finck, carding wool in '53		1 73
Jon May, apples and applebutter		9 25
A Sparks, potatoes		6 56
Jon Schnabley, exoneration		11 78
N Coontz, exoneration		5 00
W Moorhead, one heifer		14 00
A Sparks, potatoes		3 01
T R Gettys quarter salary		6 25
H Nicodemus, issuing orders		8 50
H Holderbaum, funeral expenses		8 30
H Shires, exoneration		8 50
W Garretson, bringing pau		3 05
N Nelson, donation		15 00
Andrew Statler, coal	1857	25 00
A & J G Weisel, work		11 72½
Elder, exoneration		13 46
Gideon D Trout, goods		26 53
N Rogers, part of check No 57		25 50
W F Moorhead, check No 23		6 00
E Miller, check No 23		26 00
A B Cramer & Co, Check No 122		10 00
H Shires, commission		10 85½
H Schnabley, do		15 59½
Nicholas Coontz, do		9 86½
B Hardman, do		3 75
John Riley, do		6 50
Berkstresser, do		5 32½
Jnes C Devore, do		5 38
Jon Whetstone, do		11 55
Gideon B Martin, do		5 06
Isael Morris, do		11 78
Arnold Lashley, do		5 31
Peter Ewalt, do		2 38
Jon Wysong, do		7 37½
Daniel Miller, do		14 99
Michael Wertz, do		7 78
Treasurer's salary,		40 00
Auditors and Clerk for settling account		15 00
	1857	$1364 77¼

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Bedford County, do certify that we have examined the foregoing account of George Blymire, Treasurer of the poor and House of Employment of Bedford County, and find thereto be correct and true as above stated, and that there is a balance due said Treasurer of sixty-four dollars and two cents, ($64.02.)

Witness our hands and seals this 7th day of January, D 1857.

DANIEL BARLEY, [L. S.]
HENRY B. MOCK, [L. S.]

Attest. R. GETTYS, Clerk.

Amount due from Collectors of Bedford County up to January 1, 1857.

Alx King, Hopewell	1853	$39 37
Goden, Cumberland V	1854	73 58
John L Hill, Juniata		81 53
Nicodemus, M Wood		153 07
H Shires, Bedford B	1855	24 64½
Jacob Hardinger, C Valley		12 63
George Long Hopewell		8 19½
W Carnell, Monroe		11 00
Jacob Alstadt, St Clair		62 87
Robert Elder, M Wood		78 21
W Garretson, Bedford B	1856	200 00
Jacob Biddle, Bedford Tp		370 13
T W Horton, Broad Top		257 76
Elias Gump, Colerain		160 53
Hoover, C Valley		243 97
John Dasher, Hopewell		152 07
Joseph B Wertz, Harrison		80 77
John Gillespie, Juniata		46 16
David Cyphers, Liberty		97 19
Jacob Evans, Londonderry		84 89
Jeremiah Akers, Monroe		94 89
Henry Eguif, Napier		114 25
Samuel Wink, East Prov		68 76
John Sparks, West Prov		204 19
Jacob Andrews, St. Clair		272 81
Daniel Tewell, Southampton		60 23
Henry Horne, Schellsburg Boro		18 62
Isaac Baird, Middle W		343 49
John Furry, South W		351 03
March 13, 1857		$3730 95

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

A meeting of the Bedford County Teachers' Institute, will be held at Schellsburg commencing on Monday, the 13th day of April next, and to continue three days.

Several interesting lectures on the different branches of education will be delivered, and a variety of instructive exercises on the black board will be exhibited.

As the main object of the meeting is to aid and encourage teachers in the various duties of their vocation, the attendance, not only of teachers, but also of School Directors, and the friends of education generally, is invited.

Come one, come all. A hearty welcome awaits you. You can be either a silent spectator, or you can participate in the exercise if you desire.

T. R. GETTYS,
J. S. TUSSEY, *Sec'y.* *Co. Sup't.*
March 27, 1857.

BLOOMSBURG, March 12th.

To Ferdinand E. Hayes:—I have arrested M'Kim the murderer of Norcross. I have him in the Columbia county jail, at Bloomsburg.

AARON WOLF.

FROM KANSAS.—We were favored with a visit yesterday, from Hon. Thos. Cunningham, formerly of Beaver, Pa., but recently of Kansas, of which Territory he is one of the Supreme Court Judges. He gives us much information of an interesting character, respecting Kansas affairs. It is his intention to return to that Territory early in April.—*Pittsburg Union.*

For the Gazette.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION,

Held on Friday evening, March the 13th, at the Church in Stonerstown, by Jas. F. Fay.

At an early hour the pupils assembled in the School-room, opposite the Church, to await the gathering of parents and friends. Ere the light of day had entirely faded from the western horizon, the church, though spacious, was crowded with anxious visitors. Old and young assembled from all parts of the neighborhood to witness for the first time in their history, a "school exhibition." The pupils then marched into the church, where apartments were curtained off for their accommodation, and a stage erected, and beautifully decorated with wreaths and garlands. The time for opening having arrived, an able and appropriate address was given by the teacher, after which the regular exercises of the evening were gone through with, consisting of 25 or 30 pieces, viz:—Speeches, Orations, amusing Dialogues, &c., during which time the spectators by their enthusiasm and smiles of approbation, evinced their appreciation of the performances. The exhibition was highly praiseworthy, and reflects credit upon teacher and pupils. The manner of delivery, the collectedness and composure with which the various pieces were performed, would have been credible to some of our higher institutions of learning. The scene was enlivened at intervals with vocal music, by Mr. and Mrs. John, and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, whose services were engaged for the occasion, and whose singing need only be heard to be admired and highly appreciated. It was a source of much gratification to see the interest taken in education by the citizens of Stonerstown and vicinity, who say their schools are much better than formerly, and improving under the present school system.

G.

From the New York Herald, March 15.

LOVE AND SUICIDE.

The particulars of a most romantic case of suicide by poison, in consequence of disappointment in love, came to light yesterday afternoon. The victim a young German woman 22 years of age, residing at No. 21 Rivington street, had been deserted by her lover, whose name she would not reveal, but had endeavored to bear up against the misfortune with true heroism. Caroline Jeulich—for such was the name of the unfortunate woman—was beloved by a young German named Edward Shuster, who proffered his hand in marriage, but the recollection of her false lover was so firmly impressed upon her mind, that although she received the attentions of Shuster, and signified a willingness to become his bride, still in secret she pined at the loss of the absent lover, and secretly contemplated self-destruction.

According to Shuster's story he has been in the United States about six months, and had scarcely known the deceased for three weeks. Being a machinist by occupation, he put an advertisement in one of the morning papers asking for a situation. The deceased answered to and requested him to call on her. He did so, when she stated that she had been deserted by her lover, who was a machinist also, and that thinking it was him who inserted the advertisement asking for the situation, she was impelled to answer it with the vague hope of being restored to his arms once more. From that time an intimacy sprang up between the pair. Shuster declares he loved her at first sight, and ever after up to the day of her death. Miss Jeulich professed to return his love, and left her ardent admirer to hope for a happy union.

Upon an examination of the person of the deceased the following touching episode, explanatory of her conduct was found in her pocket, and was produced in evidence upon the inquest.

LINES WRITTEN BY DECEASED AND FOUND ON HER PERSON.

I am broken hearted and lonely. I feel myself forsaken when I find I cannot discover one to help me. No one but myself can describe my feelings, or can my pen describe my heartfelt misery. I trust to find an easy death. I feel I am lost forever. There is only one to whom I might hope for assistance, but I fear he is incapable. The Lord only knows what I have suffered the last few weeks. The cold world may, after my death, say bitter things about me, but this I do not mind. I wish all could see and read my heart, they might then find cause for my untimely fate. There is one who once was a true friend.

I will not, however, mention his name. He would be but little astonished at this rash act.—Could I but see him now, and tell him all, he might probably save me.

I am going on a long journey, and trust I may reach heaven, where all my worldly troubles will be at an end. Good bye. Good bye.

The Jury in this case rendered a verdict of "Death by taking laudanum on Friday, March 13, 1857, under the excitement, as the Jury suppose, of disappointment in love."

☞ A gang of railroad robbers were lately arrested, on the line of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road. A large number of the gang have, according to the Mansfield *Herald*, been employees of the road. Numbers of the gang would be stationed all along the whole line of the road, between stations, and as the train came along the confederate on the train would role off a bale of muslin, cloth or such goods as could be made most available. These goods would be divided among members if desired or otherwise sent to some of their depots established in the west for the disposal of their goods, and the proceeds divided among them. Nor were their acts those of robbery alone. They stopped not at murder to secure their booty. By them was Whitney murdered at Londonville, and Moore almost killed at Crestline. The murderer of Whitney, it is said, is among the arrested, now in Wooster, Ohio, jail. Large numbers still unarrested, are closely watched by this secret police, who know them to belong to the gang and only wait for sufficient legal evidence to justify their arrest.

Harrisburg, March 15, 1857.

During my correspondence for the "*Pennsylvanian*," I have repeatedly referred to the great number of private bills which are brought before the Legislature. These Bills consist principally of acts of incorporation of all kinds of companies, divorce bills, and acts relieving some individual from doing what common law says he ought to do, or exonerating him from a penalty which he has, by his negect or stupidity, incurred. For the last ten years it has been one of the expressed principles of the Democratic party to discountenance and do away with this species of legislation, but as yet have accomplished very little, if anything, in this respect. True, that most odious and corrupt system, known as "omnibus legislation," has died out, but still a propensity exists especially in the House, to legislate on every petty thing that can be brought within the power of the Assembly, and what cannot be brought there? This is certainly a great evil. Local interests are made to supplant general wants, and members enter into corrupt combinations to carry out their petty schemes, to the detriment of the interests and honor of the Commonwealth.

The remedy for all this is with the people.—They should select men to represent them who love principle more than pecuniary gains, and if this were done, my word for it, the character of the Pennsylvania Legislature would soon be elevated. I believe that the men now in the State Capital are as able and honest as any that have preceded them for many years back, but they have not proper conception of their position or duties. They do not consider that a nation of 2,500,000 people have entrusted their government in their hands. They do not think that the constitution under which they act binds a member from Blair county to do justice to Philadelphia, and *vice versa*. They do not act as though they had not patriotism enough to embrace the whole state of Pennsylvania. No; many members seem to think that their whole duty is to get all they can for their immediate constituents, even if their gain is the loss of every other portion of the Commonwealth. This is certainly an erroneous idea, and not only erroneous, but injurious and disgraceful.

In the incorporation of banks, for instance, local and personal interests are alone consulted. There are points in Pennsylvania, where the business and enterprise of the people require Banking institutions. These localities are rare, while scores of other institutions of this kind are asked for mere speculative purposes. If a member representing a constituency whose interests actually require a bank vote against these speculative demands, in almost every instance the representatives of the latter make it a principle to vote against the former. The law of action adopted by grave legislators, is the childish one—"if you will I will: if you won't I won't."

I cannot now recall a single important public bill which has been finally acted upon by the present Legislature. Two months and a half of the session are gone, and this whole time has been occupied with the consideration of these petty bills, excepting only a few prescribed duties which the members were compelled to perform. I do not say this through any unkind feeling, but simply to call attention to the fact, with the hope that the evil will be remedied. I believe that the great majority of the members are honest men—men who want to do right, but their ideas of legislative duty are entirely erroneous, and to make their good intentions of any account they must start out upon a different path.

It would be a great advantage to our State to have triennial sessions of the Legislature. If this were done, many of these cases which now come here during each winter would be taken to the Courts where they belong, and there be disposed of. The Legislature might then become a place of legislation, and not a place to make soapboiling associations, and try obscene divorce cases.

OUR CANDIDATES.

The nominations of the Democratic State Convention are received with general favor over the whole Commonwealth. The masses of the people seem to have an abiding confidence that our candidates are good men, and will do what is right. They are men of experience, ability and integrity. Mr. Packer is a gentleman of commanding abilities, who is well versed in State affairs. Few men in the Commonwealth will compare with him in his knowledge of the affairs of State, and those who know him best are his warmest friends and admirers. With such a man as our standard-bearer, victory is certain to perch upon our banners.

The candidate for Canal Commissioner, Hon. Nimrod Strickland, of Chester county, is the very man for the position. He is honest, capable and worthy. We have known him since our boyhood, and have always regarded him as one of the best and most intelligent men of the State. For many years he was editor of that sterling Democrtic paper, the West Chester *Republican*, and never was he known to deviate a moment from Democratic principles. He is a Democrat from principle and education, and a man of enlarged and liberal views. His knowledge of our public improvements and the resources of the State will enable him to discharge the important duties of Canal Commissioner with honor to himself and advantage to the people.

His views in regard to the manner in which our public works should be conducted and the resources of the State protected, accord with our own, and we feel satisfied that his services as a Canal Commissioner will prove invaluable to the Commonwealth.

Of the nomination of Chief Justice Lewis, it is scarcely necessary we should speak. He is known to every lawyer as one of the ablest jurists of our country, and sustains a reputation for integrity and probity, that the closest scrutiny cannot impair. He is indeed a model Judge, one who is calculated to shed lustre upon the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Democrats! Our ticket is before us, and it is entitled to our most strenuous exertions. It can be elected by a triumphant majority—let us determine that it shall be.—*Easton Argus.*

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, MARCH 27, 1857.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

"The Union of lakes—the Union of lands,
The Union of States none can sever;
The Union of hearts, and the Union of hands,
And the flag of our Union forever!"

Democratic State Nominations.

GOVERNOR:

Gen. Wm. F. Packer.

SUPREME JUDGE:

HON. ELLIS LEWIS.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:

Hon. Nimrod Strickland.

BEDFORD BOROUGH!

GLORIOUS DEMOCRATIC VICTORY!

☞Last Friday was an exciting day in Bedford; as much so as though it had been a general election. The amalgamated opposition were determined to "redeem" the Borough, and hence they put into operation every stratagem, trick, and falsehood for which they have, of late, become such peculiar adepts. They put upon the course what they boasted was the best ticket that could be scared up in town—and with the deliberate and dirty lie emblazoned upon their banner that the democratic candidates, if successful, intended to bring the water from Tod's spring, at a cost of four or five thousand dollars, they put their shoulders to the wheel and implored for support, confident of success. But they counted their chickens before they were hatched! When the polls closed, and the vote was counted, it turned out that the entire democratic Ticket was elected by a triumphant majority, although we had more absentees than they had. About forty persons, either through design or ignorance, had not been assessed, and although ready and willing to pay their tax, were denied the right to vote at one of the windows. Of the number thus unrighteously rejected, a majority of eleven were Democrats!—yet notwithstanding we carried every man even at that poll, except the high constable, which, being a tie, will be settled by the Court. Once more, therefore, has our noble old party covered itself with victory and honor. The democracy have become tired of voting for their political enemies from personal regards, so that no man need hereafter try to dodge into our ranks for votes, unless he makes a clean breast and adopts our principles in full.

The Township did equally well, giving a democratic majority of 50 for the Justices, which was the test vote, our opponents running two of the strongest men in their ranks. The COUNTY seems to have gone the same way throughout, so that our TWO-edged foes have a slight foretaste of what they may expect on the second Tuesday of October next—no matter who may be their candidates.

As we stated last week, our opponents had upon their ticket the gentlemen who LED the "Republican" movement in this county, and, as the entire opposition vote polled, was cast for them, all who act with that party hereafter, bind themselves to the car of Abolition Sectionalism! There was, we believe, but a single member of the American party in the Borough who honorably maintained his integrity by declining to vote the amalgamated Ticket.—Numbers who boastingly protested that they would take off a right hand rather than knowingly vote for a "Republican" for any office, walked up like sheep to the slaughter, and, without a why or a wherefore, swallowed the dose, thus exhibiting a disregard for their voluntary pledges which would put a heathen community to the blush.

The following is the vote in the Borough. We will give the result of the county in our next issue:

Chief Burgess.	
William P. Schell	69
A. King	59
Assistant Burgess.	
George Reimund	67
B. F. Harry	61
Town Council.	
Samuel Brown, 3 years,	67
O. E. Shannon, 3 years,	67
John Alsip, three years,	64
Geo. W. Rupp, 3 years,	58
Hugh Moore, 2 years,	66
Jacob Smith, 2 years,	56
John H. Rush, 1 year,	68
Solomon Reimund, 1 year,	59
High Constable.	
Wm. T. Chapman	61
Levi Agnew	61
Assessor.	
Joshua Mower	102
James M'Mullin,	80
School Directors.	
John P. Reed	101
Thomas R. Gettys, Jr.	102
N. L. Russell	86
John Mower	78
Supervisors.	
O. E. Shannon	105
Nicholas Lyons	104
No opposition.	
Auditors.	
S. H. Tate	104
Wm. M. Hall	104
G. H. Spang	103
No Opposition.	
Town Clerk.	
David R. Kauffman, no op.	102
Judge of Elections.	
Josiah D. Shuck	103
Henry Hoke	81
Inspectors.	
John Cessna	103
John H. Filler	80
Constable.	
Hiram Lentz	103
Anthony Stiffler	78

Democrats in Roman letters; Black Republicans, Know Nothings, and opposition of all sorts, in *italics*. The opposition made desperate efforts with the view of giving effect to the approaching campaign, but the result proves that Old Bedford county is again reliably and largely democratic.

☞Mr. BUCHANAN is progressing very smoothly with his appointments, exhibiting, in his selections, the wisdom and prudence always attributed to him by his friends. Possessing a cool determination, and a desire only to do right, he is not annoyed by the immense concourse of visitors daily calling upon him either to pay their respects or to solicit appointments. His treatment to all is characterized by that courtesy and kind demeanor which has always governed his conduct, whether in public or private life. Of course many will be disappointed, but this will not be the President's fault, but rather the fault of *that policy* which only allows one man to fill a specified trust!

SUPREME JUDGE.

☞Candidates for Supreme Judge are becoming very numerous, and it is now evident that a majority of the counties of the Commonwealth will present one of their own sons for nomination. Under these circumstances, it is difficult to predict as to who will be the successful man. The Convention, however, with the material before them, can scarcely make a mistake. We perceive, with pleasure, that WM. A. STOKES, ESQ. of Westmoreland, is favorably spoken of in this connection, and we can conscientiously endorse all that is said of him by his warmest friends. He is a Democrat from principle—a man whose talents and professional skill place him in the front rank of Lawyers—and, should he obtain the nomination, he will receive the undivided and enthusiastic support of the Democracy of the State.—Mr. Stokes was one of the especial favorites of the lamented SHUNK, and we know of no man for whom we would rather vote. Although residing in an impure political atmosphere, he stands before the world a democrat of unimpeachable integrity, and deserves to be treated accordingly. His political speeches during the late exciting campaign, prove him one of the best posted politicians in the State. We are induced to make this statement as a simple act of justice to a good man.

☞TUSSEY, the *Fussey Supernatural* correspondent and self-constituted leader of the *Black Republican* column in Middle Woodberry Township, was handsomely beaten at the election of last Friday.—Perhaps his "distinguished" speech alluded to in a recent number of the Blair County *Whig* effected this result! Well done, Woodberry.

☞A large number of our citizens attended the "Geographical Exhibition" of Mr. ALLEN on last Saturday evening, and were highly delighted with the exercises. The system is certainly a good one, and the instruction thus imparted will never be forgotten. He proposes to teach a class in Schellsburg, and we we have no doubt he will receive encouragement.

Buchanan Club,

☞Met in the Court House on last Saturday evening, full of exultation over the election of the previous day. Several names were added to the roll, among the number a gentleman who had, until recently, been an ardent supporter of the old Whig party. He was welcomed with enthusiastic cheers. We expect a good many others soon to follow his example. The Club was briefly addressed by Messrs. Tate, Cessna, Spang, Reed, Shannon, and Bowman, and adjourned in fine spirits to meet on the 24th inst.

☞The Club, pursuant to adjournment, met on last Tuesday evening to receive the report of the officers who held the election, to take the sense of the Democracy of Bedford, as to who should be Postmaster—when Mr. CESSNA, one of the officers thereof, made report that JOHN A. MOWRY, Esq., had received a majority of the votes, whereupon the Club unanimously recommended him to the Postmaster General for appointment. After some remarks by several members of the Club, it adjourned to meet on Saturday evening, April 11th, 1857.

Abolitionism severely Rebuked.

☞The following extract from the proceedings of the Baltimore Conference will be read with intense interest throughout the land.—Thanks to the giant mind of JOHN A. COLLINS for not suffering these important resolutions to be tabled. He deserves and will receive the thanks of the Church everywhere for causing a prompt vote to be taken on the question, requiring every man to speak his sentiments:

Methodist Episcopal Conference.—The Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church held in Baltimore city, adjourned on Tuesday night last, after a session of twelve days.

In the report of the proceedings of the last day we find the following:—

Rev. Isaac Gibson and N. Wilson submitted the followiong resolutions:

Resolved, By the Baltimore Conference, in Conference assembled, that we highly deprecate the agitation of the slavery question, which has already resulted to the great detriment of the political and religious interests of the country.

Resolved, That as heretofore we will oppose with zeal any aggression which shall be attempted by the abolition agitators of the country.

Rev. Jas. H. Brown moved to lay them upon the table. Adopted.

Rev. John A. Collins deprecated such action, as it placed the Conference in an indeed equivocal position. He would therefore ask that they again be taken up, with a view to a direct vote thereupon. Agreed to by the following vote—yeas 210; nays 4.

They were then put upon their passage, and the first resolution adopted by yeas 220; nays 3.

The second one was taken up and also adopted by a vote of yeas 197; nays 14.

Appointments by Baltimore Conference.

☞Rev. A. E. Gibson, the late Pastor of the M. E. Church in this place, goes to Cumberland. Bedford, Wilson L. Spotswood—Bedford Circuit, James A. Coleman, W. H. Stevens. Woodberry, George Berkstresser, J. W. Curry. Schellsburg, Henry Wilson, Robert S. McWilliams.

We do not know Mr. Spottswood, but he bears the reputation of an able preacher. The best plan is to wait and hear him, and then judge of his merits.

ANOTHER WARNING.

Within the past few weeks we have spoken frequently of the dangers of an indiscriminate and too rapid increase of Banks, and of the apprehension we felt lest our present Legislators, should be seduced from their fidelity to the interests of the Commonwealth, and be induced to grant charters to many of those now clamoring for more extensive franchises. As to illustrate the ruin we have pointed to as the consequence of such legislation, and to confirm all we have said of the true policy of our government in this respect, and to add a most potential voice to the warning already shouted, we have to record the failure of the New Castle Bank, and the consequent fraud, swindling and distress.

This was one of the institutions that were warmed into life by the Know Nothing party. It was not called for by the necessities of trade. But the speculators asked and received the broad seal of State to a privilege of wholesale imposition. There not being sufficient legitimate banking business to occupy the funds and pay handsome dividends, the managers in their eager avarice rushed into reckless operations, and of course the concern was soon bankrupt, and those who trusted it may knock at the doors to have the notes redeemed in vain. Seeing the crash that was about to come, the Cashier, unwilling to remain and feel the just indignation of the deluded patrons—seized upon all the specie and decamped.

And by the way of Parenthesis, we may remark that the Cashier is one John Wagonseller, brother of the creature with the Cameron brand. During the contest for the U. S. Senator the Cashier was in Harrisburg working for the election of Simon. Whether a part of the depletion of that New Castle Bank can be accounted for in the result of that election, we can't say. But we are well satisfied the Middletown Bank could not stand a strict investigation. However here is a brace of beauties—the two Wagonsellers—one got rich by selling himself, the other by selling the Bank and the holders of its notes.

Will our legislators listen to this voice of warning, and stay a moment for calm reflection ere they send out through the State a swarm of similar companies with license for swindling? Where are those who last winter stood like faithful sentinels on the watch towers, and true to the principles of Democracy, called out the dangers when they saw the army of Bank applicants approaching. Have they been sung to sleep by a syren song? Last winter Peter A. Johns, Esq., of Fayette, was on the Bank Committee, and every Bill was reported negatively. This session he is on the same Committee, but the result is different. Then Mr. Johns as prominent and loud in his opposition to Bats, now he is silent. Can it be that because a Bank is desired in Uniontown, he will hesitate manfully and strenuously to oppose those not needed? There are other democratic members who are equally neglectful of their duty, but we refer to Mr. Johns because he is from the west, and was known to be decided in his opposition to banks, and because he is a gentleman of eloquence and ability, and we trust by being thus reminded, he will at once commence an onslaught upon these new Banks that will cause him to be honored and rewarded, for saving his native State from disgrace and his fellow citizens from distress and ruin.—*Pittsburg Dly Union, March* 23.

The Appointments for Philadelphia.

It is with great gratification that we announce the following appointments by the President:

Collector—JOSEPH B. BAKER, of Lancaster County.

Post Master—GIDEON G. WESTCOTT, of Philadelphia.

Naval officer—CHAMBERS MCKIBBEN, of Philadelphia.

Surveyor—JOHN HAMILTON, JUNR., of Philadelphia.

Navy Agent—WILLIAM BADGER, of Philadelphia.

Marshal—JACOB S. YOST, of Montgomery County.

Of all these gentlemen, we can speak in terms of the most entire and unqualified approval, and such most assuredly, will be the sentiment of the entire Democracy of Pennsylvania. Every man is known as of the highest standing in all that relates to social and political life, and will bring to the performance of his duties the most unexceptionable reputation and highest ability.

It ought to be a source of much gratification to all our right minded citizens to know that the number of applicants for office, in the gift of the President, is very much less than has been presented at the commencement of all the later administrations. The wild hunt for office is no more extant. There are comparatively few compared with the applicant to President PIERCE, and scarcely a tithe to those of President TAYLOR. This fact indicates not only a healthy condition of opinion in our great party, but is clearly demonstrative of the intrinsic and conscientious principles of the Democracy of our country. The application from Pennsylvania, we are informed on excellent authority, and have been greatly gratified to learn, and also from all the Southern and Western States, have been much smaller in number than formerly.

In addition to this highly creditable fact, we happen to know that numerous incumbents of responsible and important trusts under the general Government, have declined presenting themselves as applicants for re-appointment.—This course has particularly characterized Pennsylvania.—*Pennsylvanian.*

ARRIVAL OF GOV. GEARY.

Contradiction of the Statement of the Missouri Democrat.

Gov. Geary of Kansas arrived from the west, last evening, accompanied by his private Secretary Dr. J. H. Gibon, and took quarters at the St. Charles Hotel. He purposes leaving for Washington city by this morning's train. A large number of old acquaintances and other citizens, called upon him during the evening. He is somewhat reduced in flesh by care and exposure in the performance of his arduous duties in Kansas, and is now suffering from a severe cold which renders it difficult for him to converse to any extent.

In reference to the telegraphic despatch published all over the country a couple of days since, purporting to give his reason for resigning, Gov. Geary authorizes us to pronounce it an unauthorized statement, abounding in gross misrepresentations. The article in the Missouri Democrat on which the despatch was based, he says, contains statements never made by him, though the editor assumes to speak by his authority.—He referred us to his farewell address to the people of Kansas, which he furnished us a copy, as contradicting directly the assertion in the editorial of the Democrat. That address we shall publish to-morrow, and it will be seen he therein congratulates the people of Kansas on the general peace, good order and prosperity now reigning in the Territory.—*Daily Union.*

From the Washington Union.

History of the Dred Scott Case.

It is due to the public that we remove the impression sought to made by political agitators, that this case was got up and pushed to a final conclusion in the Supreme Court, by the friends of the present administration, as a party movement, or otherwise. On the contrary, it has been done solely by those who complain of the result. The suit was instituted and prosecuted by them; but whether for political effect, or with the hope of securing a different conclusion, we shall not attempt to determine. The true history of the case is this:

Scott instituted a suit in the Circuit Court of Missouri to obtain a discharge from servitude for himself and family. On the trial it was proved that he had been originally a slave in Missouri; that his master first took him to the military post at Rock Island, in Illinois, and, subsequently, to Fort Snelling, in Minnesota, at a point north of the Missouri-Compromise line, and that he and his family subsequently returned with him to Missouri. It was contended in his behalf, that inasmuch as his owner had voluntarily taken him to places where slavery did not exist by law, both he and his family became free, and remained so after returning to a slave holding State. The Circuit Court decided in his favor. On appeal to the Supreme Court of the State, that tribunal held that he and his family, on returning to the State, continued slaves. Between the announciation of the opinion of the Court and the filing of its mandate in the Circuit Court, Scott voluntarily dismissed his suit in the State Court, thus evading the decision against him: and thereupon instituted another in the Circuit Court of the United States. In this Court the question of jurisdiction depended upon his being a citizen of Missouri, and the defendant a citizen of another State. If the Court should be of opinion that he was a citizen, then he claimed that he was free, because his owner had taken him to Illinois, and also to a part of the Louisiana territory north of the Compromise line. The Circuit Court rendered final judgment against him: and thereupon he appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States, where the same questions were raised and twice argued by his counsel, and also determined against him. The cause was last argued by George T. Curtis, brother of Judge Curtis, and Montgomery Blair, son of Francis P. Blair, for the plaintiff, Scott, and by Senator Geyer and Reverdy Johnson for the defendant. Messrs. Curtis, Geyer, and Johnson are Whigs, while Mr. Blair's political sympathies are understood to be with his father. On the first argument neither Mr. Curtis nor Mr. Johnson took part. The fact that the Court ordered a re-argument is ample proof of the importance of the questions involved and the difficulty of solving them. On the last argument, the court was filled with intelligent and anxious listeners. The court took time to deliberate and prepare their opinions. Each Judge formed and expressed his own. The reasons sustaining his conclusions are placed upon record by each, and his countrymen will read and reflect, and test them by the rules of common sense and every day reason. No judicial tribunal can reasonably object to criticisms based upon such principles. Truth will never suffer by being subjected to the standard of reason and right.

From this statement, it is evident that Scott's name has been used by a class of slavery agitators for political effect. Having been beaten in Missouri, and in the United States Circuit and Supreme Court, they now attempt, for the same purpose, to appeal from the decisions of the Judiciary to political club rooms, where other considerations than calm reason and sober judgment are expected to prevail. Time will show whether they have calculated the result with accuracy.

Death of Samuel Zimmerman.

Telegraphic despatches brought accounts of the sad accident which terminated this gentleman's life, to this place on Friday last. A full account of the accident will be found in another column. We clip the following from the Appendix to the 'History of the early settlement of the Juniata Valley:'

"Less than sixteen years ago, a gentleman named Zimmerman was a bar-keeper at the hotel of Walter Graham, Esq. at Yellow Springs in Blair County, afterward a "mud-boss" on the Pennsylvania Canal, and subsequently a teamster at Allegheny Furnace. At the present day the said Zimmerman owns hotels, palaces, a bank of issue, farms, stocks, and other property, at Niagara Falls, in Canada, which swells his income to $150,000 per annum. He is but thirty-eight years of age. Should he live the length of time allotted to man, and his wealth steadily increase, at the end of three-score-and-ten years he can look upon ordinary capitalists, who have only a few millions at command, as men of limited means.

Let it not be presumed, however, that we notice these capitalists from any adoration of their wealth or homage to the men, but merely because the history is partially identified with the valley, and show in what a singular manner the blind goddess will sometimes lavish her favors; for hundreds of men without money, but with brighter intellects and nobler impulses than ever were possessed by Zimmerman, Law, or Shoenburger, have gone down to the grave unwept, unhonored, and unsung," in the Juniata Valley. Neither will the sighing of the west wind, as it sweeps through the valley, disturb their repose any more than it will that of the millionaires when resting from "life's fitful fever" in their splendid mausoleums."

Little did we think thirteen months ago when we penned the above, that Zimmerman would so soon be numbered among the dead.—He was killed on a railroad built by himself, and where he amassed a great portion of his wealth. His wealth was no doubt overrated; yet it appears that but a few weeks ago a tremendous run was made against his bank, but it withstood all, and Mr. Zimmerman was in the full flush of triumph when the accident befel him. He married his second wife some five or six months ago.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.—On Wednesday evening, a young man named James Beale, son of Mr. George Beale, of Market street, took a large quantity of Arsenic, and died from the effects yesterday morning. He had been sent on an errand, by his father, and returned home apparently insane from the effects of liquor, the use of which he was not addicted to. He was told to retire to bed, but did not do so. He soon after obtained a bottle of arsenic, which was used for poisoning rats—and after passing into the kitchen; a servant girl saw him in the act of swallowing a portion of the contents.—Dr. Fleming was immediately summoned, and after administering the proper antidotes, the patient seemed in a fair way for recovery. The quantity taken, however, was very great, and enough remained in the system to destroy life.

Young Beale was a man of sober, steady habits, but in an unguarded moment he yielded to temptation, and did that which, in his reason, he would have shuddered to think upon.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ALPS.

THE WAR IN CHINA.

Ministerial Debate in Parliament.

BOSTON, March 20.—The steamer Alps, from Liverpool, with dates to Wednesday the 14th has arrived in port.

The papers by the Alps contain the debate in Parliament on Mr. Cobden's motion relative to the war in China. It terminated in a defeat of the Ministry, but it was supposed that Lord Palmerston would neither resign nor dissolve the Parliament.

BOSTON, March 20.—The Alps brought no mails.

The steamer Africa arrived out on the 2nd inst., and the City of Baltimore on the 3d inst.

The vote on Mr. Caleden's motion of censure in ralation to the attack on Canton, was—yeas 263, nays 247—a majority of 16 against the Ministry.

Sir John F. Crampton, late Minister to Washington, has been appointed Minister to Hanover.

CHINA.

Advices from China to the 15th December, say that the Emperor has prohibited his subjects from trading with the English under the penalty of death.

HONG KONG, Jan. 15.—No further operations have taken place against Canton.

The official despatches give the details of an attempt on the part of the Chinese to retake the Tes-to-tum fort, and an attack on the British ships, by a vast number of Chinese junks.

The attack was well concerted, being made at low water when the large ship could not manoeuvre, but was brilliantly repelled.

Admiral Seymour had abandoned the Dutch Fort and Factory Gardens, and strengthened his positions lower down the river.

Recruits were expected from Singapore.

All the western suburbs of Canton were burned on the 12th of January, by the English. A large fire had also occurred inside the city.

The Mandarins of the various districts had issued the most blood thirsty edicts against the English, and had offered rewards for assassination and incendiarism.

At Hong Kong all the Chinese have been ordered to quit the services of foreigners, and return under penalty of the destruction of their relatives remaining at home. Consequently nearly all the Chinese servants had left their situations.

Letters received from Hamburg say the private advices from Hong Kong are most alarming. The bombardment of Canton had excited the Chinese to a general movement against foreigners. The populace are beginning to show unusual courage, creating great apprehensions.

The movement is not confined to China alone, but has spread to Singapore, where the foreign residents have been obliged to arm themselves against street attacks from the infuriated Chinese and Malays.

Another letter received from Hamburg, says the fire in the suburbs of Canton spread until the whole city became a sheet of flame.

PERSIA.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Morning Post*, says the treaty between Persia and England has not yet been signed, but that hostilities have been suspended, though there is no regular armistice.

Politeness Between Husband and Wife.

The transformation worked in a lover after marriage has long been a pet subject with satirists. Before the nuptial knot is tied the suitor is all devotion. No business engagement is permitted to infringe on the evening consecrated to his *fiancee*. If she drop her fan, misplace a glove, or needs help in putting on her shawl, he is instantly at her side, the most eager, the most patient, the most delicate of servants. She has only to express a wish to go to church, or to visit some place of amusement, and lo! he waits on her even before breakfast and though it rains as if a deluge had come. But when the irrevocable vows are said and the honeymoon comfortably over, a change too often comes over the obsequious cavalier. The latent selfishness of "the male animal" begins to develop itself. The wife has to pick up her own fan, search for her own gloves, shawl herself unassisted, go to church alone, get to concert when she can. Sometimes the poor creature is happy to win even a civil answer from her rude, dogmatic lord. Men who would be civil to even a strange servant, if a woman, think it quite natural to be unpolite to their wives.

Yet there is nothing by which even a selfish man can more benefit himself than by being respectful well bred and considerate to her to whom sworn to "love and cherish;" sooner or later an imperious or exacting husband makes an indifferent or careless wife. Talk of love as you may, eulogise the forbearance of woman till the language of praise is exhausted, and still the fact remains that our sex has not a monopoly of human nature; feminine flesh and blood feels injustice finally quite as acutely as ourselves. It may require years to make "long-suffering" woman as indignant as a man would become in a month, but she will get indignant at last, her affection will as inevitably decline, and the sweetest boon of life will be lost to the husband forever. For money which is said to be able to purchase anything, cannot purchase love; and love, whether at the sick bed or by the household hearth, does what no paid service will.—A truest happiness which a well regulated mind enjoys is in the family relation so there can be no true domestic felicity where there is injustice on one side and its consequent alienation on the other.

It may be said that if a husband loves his wife sincerely there is no necessity for these little acts of politeness. They are trifles we are told. But life is made up of trifles. Did the lover despise them once because they were trifles? —Was not something of his earlier success attributable to the assiduity and delicacy with which he plied his gratified mistress with these trifles? Has his wife ceased to like such attentions? Will she think the less of her husband because he shows how thoughtful he is of her comfort, even in these trifles? Believe us, if woman's affection is retained undiminished, in spite of the rudeness of her husband towards her, it would be vastly increased if he showed a little of the lover's courtesy—if he was considerate of her in trifles. It seems the strangest and most incomprehensible thing in the world, if we look at it dispassionately, that selfish men think the only persons they can neglect with impunity are those on whom their happiness principally depend. They are too stupidly blind, to use one of their own pet phrases, to see that politeness to wives "pays." For it is only of selfish husbands that we speak. Those who respect, love and reverence women, as true womanhood ought to be respected, loved and venerated, need no incentives to be courteous and considerate to their wives.

M'Kim in Jail.

M'KIM, the alleged murderer of Norcross at Altoona in this county, was brought to this place on Wednesday last, by Sheriff PORT and posse, and safely lodged in jail. Great anxiety was displayed to see him, both at Altoona and here. The depot at this place was surrounded by hundreds, and the route through which they traveled was blockaded with men, women and children.

His appearance indicated a character which left with it the traces of blood, exhibiting a boldness we have never before witnessed in any criminal. He makes no denial in regard to traveling with Norcross, from Pittsburg to the Summit, but asserts his innocence of the crime. We have no assurances whether he will be tried at our April term of Court or not.—*Hollidaysburg Whig.*

LETTER FROM MATILDA L. DAVENPORT.—The following is an extract from a letter written to Dr. Clickener, by Matilda L. Davenport, of Philadelphia, who was cured of an inflammatory Rheumatism, by the use of Clickener's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pills, after every other means had failed:

DEAR SIR:—

"It is with emotions of the greatest gratitude that I address you at this time, and believe me, I speak the sentiments of my heart when I assure you that through your means I am now enabled to move in the land of the living. About six months since I was attacked with the inflammatory rheumatism and consulted the best medical advice in the city. Different medicines were given and the utmost attention paid me, but all was of no effect, and I thought I was doomed to linger out an existence made wretched by extreme physical suffering. The physicians said that they had done all, and promised my speedy departure to the land of spirits. When they had given me over, so low had I become that it was impossible for me to stir a limb without the greates exertion, and even then every movement was excruciatingly painful. At this time a near and dear friend recommended to me the use of Clickener's Sugar Coated Pills, stating at the same time that they if anything, could afford relief. Being on the verge of dispair, and ready to grasp at whatever promised relief, I commenced taking them according to direction. In one week, strange as it may seem, my pains left me,—my health was restored, and I became a new and different being. I am gradually gaining my strength, my appetite is good, and the disease is wholy driven from my system.

"Excuse me for troubling you with this statement, but I am so much rejoiced at my speedy recovery that imperious duty demands an acknowledgement of the method of cure.

"MATILDA L. DAVENPORT."

City of Philadelphia, ss.—Personally appeared before me the subscriber, recorder of the city of Philadelphia, the above named Matilda L. Davenport, who, on her solemn oath, depose and says that the above statement is true, to the best of her knowledge and belief. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 26th day of May, A. D. 1854. RICHARD VAUX.

March 27, 1857—2w.

THE NEED OF LOVE.—Oh that there were more love in the world, and then these things that we deplore could not be! One would think that the man who had once loved any woman, would have some tenderness for all; and love implies an infinite respect. All that was said or done by chivalry of old, or sung by Troubadours, but shadows forth the feeling which is in the heart of any one who loves.—Love, like the opening of the heavens to the Saints, shows for a moment, even to the dullest man, the possibilities of the human race. He has faith, hope, and charity for another being, perhaps but a creature of his imagination: still it is a great advance for a man to be profoundly loving, even in his imaginations. Indeed, love is a thing so deep and so beautiful, that each man feels that nothing but conceits and pretty words have been said about it by other men.

MARRIED,

At the residence of Mr. James M. Barndollar, in Bloody Run, on the 19th inst. by Rev. G. W. Bouse, Rev. JAMES W. CURRY, of the East Baltimore Conference, to Miss ELIZABETH A., eldest daughter of James M. and Eliza Barndollar.

Accompanying the above notice we received a very bountiful supply of delicious cake, an evidence that the Bride is a lady of taste, and calculated to make our friend Curry just such a wife as he deserves. That health, happiness, and prosperity, may attend them through life, is our sincere wish.

Notice to Bridge Builders!

Proposals will be received at the Commissioners office in Bedford until the 11th day of April next for the straightening up and new bracing of the Bridge over the Juniata River at Bedford. The attention of Mechanics is invited to this work. By order of the Commissioners. H. HICODEMUS, Clk.

March 27, 1857.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, was dissolved on the 23d inst. by mutual consent. All persons having accounts with the firm will please settle immediately. The books are in the hands of John H. Rush.

JOHN H. RUSH,
JOHN HENDERSON.

N. B. The Marble Business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, and he invites his friends and the public generally, to give him their patronage. All orders promptly attended to.

JOHN H. RUSH.

March 27, 1857.

The New York Tragedy—Eckel and Mrs. Cunningham.

The health of Mrs. Cunningham-Burdell is somewhat impaired by her confinement in the City Prison, and by the anxieties naturally incident to her situation. We found her, yesterday, quite indisposed, though greatly recovered from an attack of sickness which nearly prostrated her on the previous night, when several fainting fits supervened upon each other, and hot water had to be applied to her feet, to keep her from absolute exhaustion.

Her spirits are very irregular. At times she is lively and mirthful, but a reaction speedily follows, and she becomes melancholy to a degree that is painful to witness. She is never, during the day, without the company of one, at least, of her children, while her friends, who pay her repeated visits, keep the matron of the prison, Mrs. Foster, urgently busy in attending to their perpetual applications for admission.

The statement to which we have already alluded, that Coroner Connery caused her to be stripped completely naked; and examined in the presence of two men, besides the Doctor, she pronounces to be true in every particular. The reason why she has so long deferred its publication was, as she states, her unwillingness to appear as a prosecuter of the Coroner. Her friends have at length prevailed over her scruples, and she now declares that she was stripped to her toes, and in that rigidly nude state was examined by the Doctor, the Deputy-Coroner and a police officer. The certificate read by the Coroner, on the inquest, to the effect that there was no indecent exposure of her person, and that it was at her own request it was done, she pronounces a forgery. She never wrote such a note, and although she signed a paper which the Coroner sent her to sign, she was not aware to what she put her signature.—This is her statement. In the meantime, Coroner Connery has sent us the following communication:

To the Editor of the N. Y. Daily Times:

I perceive you have republished an article from the *Express*, purporting to be a dialogue between the reporter of that paper and Mrs. Cunningham, the object and tendency of which appear to be a reflection upon me and my conduct. I now wish simply to inquire whether you think it fair, while charges are pending against me, which I have answered by a denial, and which are to be investigated in a few days before the proper tribunal, for a respectable journal to spread before the world a dialogue between two such individuals, (admitting it ever really to have taken place,) as information regarding the facts of the case. I have already been sufficiently maligned and misrepresented to escape, in common charity, attacks like that referred to. I am ready and prepared to meet the charges—let that suffice. The matter will be investigated on Tuesday next: the facts will then come out, and I hope you will agree with me in supposing that public justice and justice to myself will be best promoted, if the respectable newspapers of the city will await the result.

Very respectfully, yours,

EDWARD D. CONNERY, Coroner.

Mr. Eckel keeps his health and spirits in good order, in the close little cell in which he is confined. He has many visitors, and is glad to see them all. The statement which appeared in the New York correspondence of a Philadelphia journal, that he is rapidly failing, and looks with terror to the approaching trial, is considerably exaggerated, if not altogether incorrect—Mr. Eckel expresses some anxiety in relation to his business affairs, though he says they are tolerably well cared for, but still lack his necessary superintendence. As to the result of the trial there can be no doubt. Being innocent, he must be acquitted. He has no misgivings on that point. The incarceration is a hardship which only the consciousness of innocence could render at all endurable. He says this cheerfully, and adds that he only wants justice done, and nothing more.—*N. Y. Times.*

DR. WOODWARD AND CORONER CONNERY.—The following communication will speak for itself:

To the Editors of the N. Y. Express.

Having seen in your paper a statement by Mrs. Cunningham, as regards my examination of her person during the late inquest, I would beg leave to say that the examination was made by the express orders of Coroner Connery, and was conducted by me in a delicate and professional manner only. Coroner Connery directed me to examine the persons of Mr. Eckel, Hoagrass, and Mrs. Cunningham, and I performed that duty in the presence of witnesses.—Mrs. Cunningham expressed to me both previous to and after the examination, that she was satisfied of the necessity of the step, and also my manner of doing it. As for the note which Coroner Connery produced by Mrs. Cunningham, exonerating him and me from any indelicacy, I was not aware of any application for it, nor did I suppose that there was any necessity for such a paper.

GEO. F. WOODWARD, M. D.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY—*Man Shot by a Heroic Woman.*—A bold attempt was made this morning, at an early hour, to enter the residence of Major Joseph Trawin, No. 24 Church street, resulting in the shooting of one of the rascals, but did not prevent his escape. On Tuesday night Mrs. Trawin heard some one prowling about in the rear of the house, and suspecting all was not right, and her husband being absent, last night she stationed a young man employed by Mr. T., on a sofa in the parlor, to be ready in case another attempt was made. At about 1½ o'clock this morning, two fellows came, and effected an entrance by the basement window, and commenced packing up a quantity of clothing, tying them up in the table cloth. Mrs. Trawin heard them, and placing the young man at the door with a club, took a position herself at the back door, armed with a pistol. All doors of egress from the house were thus guarded, and the watchers anxiously waited the coming of the thieves. At about 2, A. M., they came out with their plunder, and on the appearance of the first one, Mrs. Trawin violently pulled the trigger and shot him. He immediately dropped his bundle, and cried out, "My God, I'm shot." Mrs. Trawin being unable to do anything further, the fellow with his companion escaped, though he was traced over several squares by the blood. The watch was summoned and made a search of the neighborhood, but were unable to find them.

Mrs. Trawin displayed an intrepid courage, equal for her sex, and it is only to be regretted that she did not succeed in wounding the fellow sufficient to prevent his escape. This is the second burglar shot within two weeks, and the success will tend to prevent a repetition of the outrage upon that house at least, which has been entered before. Mrs. Trawin thinks the person shot was a woman in disguise, as the voice and appearance were decidedly feminine.—*Newark Adv. March* 19.

Twelve Ways of Shortening Life.

1 Wearing of thin shoes and cotton stockings on damp nights and in cool rainy weather. Wearing insufficient clothing, and especially on the limbs and extremities.

2 Leading a life of enfeebling stupid laziness, and keeping the mind in an unnatural state of excitement by reading trashy novels. Going to theatres, parties and balls, in all sorts of weather in the thinnest possible dress. Dancing till in a complete perspiration, and then going home without sufficient over-garments through the cool damp air.

3 Sleeping on feather beds in seven by nine bed rooms, without ventilation at the top of the windows and especially with two or more persons in the same unventilated bed room.

4 Surfeiting on hot and very stimulating dinners. Eating in a hurry, without half masticating your food, and eating heartily before going to bed every night, when the mind and body are exhausted by the toils of the day and the excitement of the evening.

5 Beginning in childhood, on tea and coffee, and going from one step to another through chewing and smoking tobacco, and drinking intoxicating liquors, by personal abuse, and physical and mental excesses of every discription.

6 Marrying in haste and getting an uncongenial companion, and living the remainder of life in mental dissatisfaction. Cultivating jealousies and domestic broils, and being always in a mental ferment.

7 Keeping children quiet by giving paragoric and cordials; by teaching them to suck candy, and by supplying them with raisins, nuts and rich cake. When they are sick, by giving them mercury, tartaremetic, and arsenic, under the mistaken notions that they are medicines, and not irritant poisons.

8 Allowing the love of gain to absorb our minds, so as to leave no time to attend to our health. Following an unhealthy occupation because money can be made at it.

9 Tempting the appetite with bitters and niceties, when the stomach says, No, and by forcing food when nature does not demand, and even rejects it. Gormandizing between meals.

10 Contriving to keep in a continual worry about something or nothing. Giving way to fits of anger.

11 Irregular in all our habits of eating and sleeping, going to bed at midnight, and getting up at noon. Eating too much and two kinds of food, and that which is too highly seasoned.

12 Neglecting to take proper care of ourselves, and not applying early for medical advice when disease first appears. Taking celebrated quack medicines to a degree of making a drug shop of the body.

The above causes produce more sickness, suffering and death than all the epidemics, malaria and contageon combined with war, pestilence, and famine. Nearly all who have attained to old age, have been remarkable for equanimity of temper, correct habits of diet, drink and rest—for temperance, cheerfulness and morality. Physical punishment is sure to visit the transgressors of natures laws. All commit suicide, and cut off many years of their natural life, who do not observe the means of preventing disrase and of preserving health.

THE FIRST RECEPTION.—The apartments of the Executive Mansion were filled last evening with a dense crowd of ladies and gentlemen, who were individually presented by Marshal Hoover to President Buchanan, and cordially received. Miss Lane (a niece of the President, who will dispense the hospitalities of the Executive Mansion) also received the salutations of the throng, and those present of the gentlemen who compose the new cabinet were warmly congratulated by their numerous friends.—Prominent among the distinguished citizens was ex-President Pierce, who was no less an object of respectful attention, than when, but a few days since, he "was at home" in the brilliant saloons.

Well has a distinguished writer, in contrasting our system of government with that of the Old World dwelt upon the simplicity of these Executive receptions, as compared with the ceremonials of the most petty German courts.—The gaudy equipages and bedizened servants, the splendidly uniformed soldiery, the prescribed costumes and formal announcements by liveried officials—so novel to a transatlantic spectator—all are wanting here. Yet no court in Christendom can present such a variety of character, of intellect, or of costume, as was seen in the "East Room" last evening, forming a human panorama which no limner can adequately reflect as the varied tide of humanity circled peacefully around, and quietly dispersed when the band struck up the well-known signal.—*Washington Union.*

TREATMENT OF SCARLET FEVER.—Dr. Lindsey, of Washington, strongly recommends the mode of treatment of scarlet fever resorted to by Dr. Sohneeman, Physician to the king of Hanover. It is as follows, and exceedingly simple:

"From the first day of illness, and as soon as we are certain of its nature, the patient must be rubbed, morning and evening, over the whole body, with a piece of bacon, in such a manner that, with the exception of the head, a covering of fat is every where applied. In order to make this rubbing in somewhat easier, it is best to take a piece of bacon the size of your hand, so as to secure a firm grasp. On the soft side of this piece slits are to be made, in order to allow the oozing out of the fat. The rubbing must be thoroughly performed and not too quickly, in order that the skin may regularly be saturated with the fat. The beneficial results of the application are soon obvious: with a rapidity bordering on magic, all, even the most painful, symptoms of the disease are allayed, and quiet sleep, good humor, and the appetite return.

ENEMIES.—Have you enemies? Go straight on, and mind them not. If they block up your path, walk around them, and do your duty regardless of spite. A man who has no enemies is seldom good for anything—he is made of that kind of material which is so easily worked that it resists nothing, while every one who thinks for himself and speaks what he thinks, is always sure to have enemies. They are as necessary to him as fresh air: they keep him alive and active. A celebrated character who was surrounded by enemies used to remark: "They are sparks which, if you do not blow, will go out of themselves." Let this be your feeling, while endeavoring to live down the scandal of those who are bitter against you. If you stop with them, you do but as they desire, and open the way for more abuse. Let them talk—there will be a reaction if you perform your duty; and hundreds who were once alienated from you will flock to you and acknowledge their error. Follow this advice, and you will never have cause to regret it.

By the law of Congress, passed some four or five years ago gold, instead of silver, was made the legal tender for large amounts. Those who, to get rid of large quantities of cents and small coin, sometimes pay bills with it to the annoyance of the creditor, will perceive that there is a stoppage put to that antic by law.

Eliminate all Poisonous and Diseased Particles from the Blood—Hurley's Sarsaparilla.

This compound invigorates the powers of life and diffuses a glow of heat (the great agent of life) over the whole frame; becomes assimilated with the blood, and assists the principles of vitality to pursue its course, supplied with the power or agent of exterminating every unhealthy obstruction.

Napoleon, Ark., Sentinel.

Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye.—No burning, blistering compound, could ever have attained the universal favor accorded to this Dye, the original, never-failing favorite. Nature is not more true to herself than the brown or black produced in the reddest, grayest or most frowzy hair by it. Made and sold, or applied, at Batchelor's Wig Factory, (in nine private rooms) 223 Broadway, New York.—WM. A. BATCHELOR is on the box of all genuine, others are imitations. For sale by

DR. REAMER.

Bedford, March 27, 1857—1m.

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup.—A dose or two of this valuable Pulmonary Balsam will, at the onset of a Cough, allay all irritation of the Lungs, and hinder the development of Pulmonary Disease. Consumption is never Consumption until the lungs are ulcerated and wasting; you can hinder that condition of affairs, if you take our advice, and try a bottle of Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup. It is pleasant to take, and costs but half a dollar.

☞ To be had at the Store of Mr. *Samuel Brown* in Bedford—and at Mr. *Colvin's* Store in Schellsburg.

In this Mammon-worshipping Age, it is rare to find a man place his usefulness to the public before his interest. During a late visit to the 'City of Spindles,' we were presented by a professional friend, to the celebrated Chemist, Dr. J. C. AYER, whose name is now perhaps, more familiar than any other, at the bedside of sickness, in this country. Knowing the unprecedented popularity of his medicines and the immense sale of them, we had expected to find him a millionaire, and rolling in wealth. But no, we found him in his laboratory, busy with his laborers, among the crucibles, alembics, and retorts—giving his best personal care to the compounds, on the virtues of which, thousands hang for health.—We learned, that notwithstanding his vast business, and its prompt returns in cash, the Doctor is not rich. The reason assigned is, that the material is costly, and he persists in making his preparations so expensively, that the nett profit is small.—*American Farmer, Philadelphia.*

March 27, 1857—1m.

Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor.

There never has been a discovery made in Materia Medica, whereby pain can be so quickly allayed, and where parts in a high state of inflammation can be so rapidly reduced to their natural state, nor where wounds and sores can be so thoroughly and rapidly healed, and decayed parts restored without either scar or defect, than with DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.

In Cuts, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises—casualties to which children are constantly subject—the action of the genuine DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, is ever the same! How much Pain and Suffering may not thus be prevented! Moreover, Life itself is often dependent upon having at hand the genuine DALLEY EXTRACTOR, and for particulars of which I respectfully refer to my printed pamphlets, for the truth of which I hold myself responsible.

No case of Burns or Scalds, no matter how severe, has ever yet, in any one instance, resisted the all-powerful, pain-subduing and healing qualities of the DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR.

NO PAIN EXTRACTOR IS GENUINE unless the box has upon it a Steel Plate Engraved Label with the signatures of C. V. CLICKENER & CO., proprietors, and HENRY DALLEY, manufacturer. Price 25 cents per box.

☞ All orders should be addressed to C. V. Clickner and Co., 81 Barclay street, New York.

Feb. 20, 1857—2m.

☞ NO HUMBUG.—H. B. HUTZ'S CELEBRATED Tetter Wash, is the only safe and sure remedy ever discovered for curing the Tetter, Ringworm, and all eruptions of the Skin. It is so infallable a remedy, that a perfect cure in all cases of Tetter is guaranteed, if attentively applied. In ordinary cases one bottle will be sufficent to perfect a cure. In bad cases, with a Tetter of long standing, more will be required. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale at Dr. B. F. Reamer's Bedford. April 25, 1856-1y.

PURE AND GENUINE GARDEN SEEDS!!

GO to BLYMIRE & HARTLEY'S, where, in due time, you can get choice and pure seeds in variety, from the best gardens in the State.

Feb. 27, 1857.

White Teeth and a *Perfumed Breath* can be acquired by using the *Balm of a Thousand Flowers* to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store.

NEW FALL and WINTER GOODS AT CHEAP SIDE STORE!

The undersigned has just returned from the eastern cities with a large stock of *FALL & WINTER GOODS.*

A general assortment of LADIES' Dress GOODS, which consists, in part, of *Black and Fancy Silks, Delaines,* Madonna Cloth, Coberg, Merino, &c. &c.

Also, a great variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, &c. &c.

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps—Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Brooms, Buckets, Looking Glasses, &c. &c.

The above Stock consists of every article usually kept in Store, all of which will be sold *Cheap for Cash* or approved produce.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by fair dealing and a desire to please, to continue to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

G. W. RUPP.

Oct. 3, 1856.

Shryock & Smith,

Booksellers and Stationers, and dealers in Music and Musical Instruments, Chambersburg.

Our Stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall Paper, Blinds, French, German, and American Lithographs, and Steel Engravings, gilt Mouldings for Frames, etc. etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 6.

SNAKE SPRING MILLS.

This mill is now in first rate running order, and prepared to accommodate the public with Flour and meal equal to any other in the State. Farmers will please give us a call, and judge for themselves.

JOHN ALSIP.

Feb. 20, 1856.

☞ We are authorized to announce GEO. W. GUMP, of Napier township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

☞ We are authorized to announce WILLIAM A. POWELL, as a candidate for the Office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

WM. HENRY LEAS. SAMUEL HARSH.

LEAS & HARSH,

BANKERS AND LAND AGENTS,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

We buy and sell Eastern Exchange and Land Warrants—select and enter lands with cash and warrants—pay taxes—invest money—make collections and attend to all legal business generally.

ALSO,

LEAS & HARSH,

BANKERS & LAND AGENTS, LEAVENWORTH CITY, KANSAS.

One of the Partners has located in Leavenworth City and will transact all business connected with the Banking and Real Estate Business. For a few months yet, correspondents will address us at Des Moines.

REFERENCES.

W. S. Gilman. 90 Beaver st. New York.

Philadelphia.—Seiger, Lamb & Co. North 3d Street; James, Kent & Sautee, do.; Lefever & Serrill, do.; Drexill & Co. Bankers, do.

Washington City, D. C.—Hon. R. J. Atkinson, 3d Auditor, Treasury Department: Chubb & Bros. Bankers.

Carlisle, Pa.—Edward Shower, Hon. J. H. Graham.

Huntingdon, Pa.—Wm. B. Leas, David Blair, Esqrs.

Bedford.—Hon. Job Mann, Gen. Bowman.

Schellsburg.—Duncan McVicker, Esq.

March 20, 1857—1y.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Bedford county to examine the exceptions, report an account, and also a distribution, in the matter of the exceptions filed to the account of Robert Elder, administrator of the estate of John A. Nicodemus, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday, the 30th day of March inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. at his office in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested can attend.

JOHN P. REED, Auditor.

March 20, 1857.

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his valuable Mill Property, situate in Colerain Township, Bedford County, in complete running order, having two pairs of Burrs, and all necessary fixtures of the most approved kind. In connection with the Mill there are two dwelling houses, with a Barn and all necessary outbuildings. The purchaser can have any amount of land adjoining he may desire, under two hundred acres—some cleared and under fence, with first rate meadow.

There is also a new Saw Mill on the premises, in the very best timber region in Bedford County.

This property is very desirable, and purchasers would do well to examine it before purchasing elsewhere. Apply either to JOHN CESSNA in Bedford, or to the subscriber.

WM. CESSNA.

March 20, 1857.

HO! FOR KANSAS!!

THE subscribers having fully determined to close up their business, and having on hand a fine assortment of goods, do cordially invite all those who wish bargains, to call and make selections immediately as they are now selling off at cost, and will continue to do so until all are sold.

Any person desiring to secure a long established stand for the Mercantile business, with a good will worth money, will do well to call on the subscribers immediately, as they are determined to dispose of their business, as one of the firm intends going West.

M. SCHELL & SON.

Schellsburg, March 20, 1857.

Notice.

WHEREAS, Letters of Administration on the Estate of John Crisman, late of the State of Iowa, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber: all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to

JNO. P. REED,

March 20, 1857. Adm'r.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAIL ROAD.

On and after Monday, March 2d, 1857, two passenger trains a day, each way, (except Sundays,) will run between HOPEWELL & HUNTINGDON.

Leaving Hopewell at 12.15 P M & 6.10 P M.

Arriving at Hopewell at 9.10 A M & 5.40 P M.

Connecting at Huntingdon with trains for East and West, via. Penn'a R. R.

THOS. T. WEIRMAN,

Huntingdon, Feb. 26, 1857. Sup't.

To Clergymen and Superintendent's of Sabbath Schools.

We keep on hand the publications of the Am. S. S. Union, American Bible Society, American Tract Society, Presbyterian Board of Publication, Methodist Book Rooms, Massachusetts S. S. Union, Lutheran Board of Publication, Episcopal S. S. Union, and a great variety of standard Religious Publications suitable for Sabbath Schools.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,

Chambersburg.

March 6, 1857.

NOTICE.

HIS OWN EXECUTOR.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned either by Note, Book-account, or otherwise, will please make payment on or before the 25th of March next, as any longer indulgence will not be given. So look out and save cost. All persons having claims will please present them properly and in order.

WM. S. FLUKE.

South Woodberry, Feb. 27, 1857.

PURCHASERS, THIS WAY!

MORE GOODS.—The subscriber has received and opened another elegant assortment of WINTER GOODS, embracing a splendid assortment of Ladies and Gentlemens Dress Goods, Boots, Shoes Caps, Furs, and almost every other article adapted to the season, which he offers at a small profit for either cash or approved produce. Call at the Cheap Store and judge for yourselves. We consider it no trouble to shew our goods whether purchased or not.

JACOB REED.

Dec. 5, 1856.

WALL AND BLIND PAPER.

Dr. B. F. HARRY is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our Spring selection with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,

Chambersburg.

March 6.

BEDFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he will open in Bedford, on the first Monday of November next, a High School, in which all the branches of a liberal education, English and Classical, will be taught. It is designed to establish in Bedford a PERMANENT Institution of a high order, male and female. The male and female department will be distinct, so soon as the necessary arrangements can be effected. In this School Students will be prepared for the higher classes of any College, or to enter at once upon the active duties of life.

Special care will be taken to form in our pupils habits of *order, strict punctuality,* and *thoroughness.* We consider these as valuable elementary characters, and indispensable to sound learning.

The Physical, Moral, and Social Education of the Pupils will receive that attention which their importance demands.

There will be *three grades.* To the *first* belong the *common English Branches,* such as Reading, Orthography, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammer, &c.

The *second* includes the preceding, together with the *higher branches* of an English Education, such as Higher Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy, Rhetoric, Logic, Botany, Ancient Geography, &c.

The *third* embraces all the foregoing, together with the Latin and Greek languages.

The Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, Painting, and Ornamental Needle Work, will be extra studies, and for each there will be extra charges.

EXPENSES.

Tuition for the first grade per quarter,		$4 00
"	second "	5 00
"	third "	6 25

The charges for the extra studies will be published at an early day.

The opportunity is now offered to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity of having established in their midst a *permenent* school of a high order. The enterprize, on the broad and comprehensive basis here indicated, will be attended necessarily with much labor and expense. It is hoped, therefore, that all those who feel interested in the education of the young, will come up liberally to the support of this School.

Rev. GEO. W. AUGHINBAUGH, A. M.

Oct. 24, 1856.

Best Quality Juniata Hammered Iron,

Of all sizes, constantly on hand at Blymire and Hartley's, at Forge prices, for cash or its equivalent. Orders for extra sizes promptly attended to. Also Rolled Iron, Nail Rods, Strap Iron, and Steel.

STONEWARE!

CREAM CROCKS, MILK CROCKS of all sizes, BUTTER DISHES, from one to one and a half gallon PITCHERS, all of which are best quality.

For sale by ADAM FERGUSON.

Jan. 9, 1857.

FOR WINTER.—Ladies and Misses Woolen Talmas—second supply just received and for sale by *A. B. CRAMER & Co.*

A large assortment of Hair, Tooth and Clothes Brushes just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's.

RECEIVED, JANUARY, 1857,

AT CHEAP SIDE.

Delains, Madonna Cloth, Calicos, Muslins, Cassinetts, Tweeds, &c., all of which will be sold very cheap by G. W. RUPP.

Golden and Sugar House Syrups, White and Brown Sugar, for sale by G. W. RUPP.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Mackeral, Nails and Glass for sale by G. W. RUPP,

G. W. RUPP, Will sell a large lot of Delains at COST.

Jan. 30, 1857.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS!!

THE subscriber would announce to his old friends, as well as to the public at large, that he has opened an ENTIRELY NEW STORE in the Borough of Bedford, immediately opposite the Washington Hotel, where he has just received a stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS of a superior quality, embracing almost every article in the DRY GOODS and GROCERY LINE, to which he invites the especial attention of the people, who may find it to their interest to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. His Goods will be exhibited with pleasure, whether purchased or not.

SAMUEL BROWN.

Bedford, May 23, 1856.

SELECT SCHOOL!

The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he will open, in the Basement of the Presbyterian Church, on Monday, 23d of March, a SELECT SCHOOL for Boys and Girls, in which he will give instruction in the COMMON and HIGHER ENGLISH BRANCHES, MATHEMATICS, LATIN, ect.

Believing that *thorough drill* and *strict discipline* are necessary to develope the mind and mould right habits, he promises those who patronize him his best efforts to promote these ends. Terms moderate.

THOS. R. VICKROY.

Feb. 27, 1857.

BARGAINS.—The undersigned desirous of reducing their stock—in order to make room for Spring supplies, will offer purchasers the best bargains ever seen in Bedford. Call and you can save money.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Jan. 16, 1857.

DAGUERREOTYPE AND AMBROTYPE LIKENESSES.

The subscriber begs leave to announce to the citizens of Cumberland Valley and the surrounding country that he has opened a room in Centreville where he will take Daguerreotype Likenesses in Lockets, Breast Pins, Bracelets, &c. &c.. Also in fancy and common cases, a variety of which he has just received, ranging in price from $1 up. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, at moderate prices. He hopes to be liberally patronized, satisfied that he can please all who honor him with a call.

DANIEL R. ANDERSON.

Dec. 5, 1856.

EVERHART, ASHCOM, & CO.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

HOPEWELL, PA.

The subscribers doing business under the Firm of EVERHART, ASHCOM, & Co., are now prepared to Store and Ship Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Merchandize upon reasonable terms.

They also keep on hand Plaster, Fish, Salt, Rock Powder, &c., to which they invite the attention of Merchants in the country and Farmers.

The highest cash prices paid for Flour and Grain that the Eastern Market will afford.

JOHN C. EVERHART, GEO. R. BARNDOLLAR,
C. W. ASHCOM, JOHN F. LOWRY.

Dec. 26, 1856—1y.

CORN SHELLERS, FODDER CUTTERS, and Corn Mills.

☞ We but ask the Farmers to give these Machines a trial: and, if they are not good, and do not work as represented, they may be returned, and the money will be promptly refunded. Give them a trial—it will cost nothing—and, by having them you will save money.

BLYMIRE & HARTLEY.

Bedford, December 19, 1856.

MORE NEW GOODS AT SHOEMAKER'S COLONADE STORE.

The subscribers having just returned from the east are now receiving a general assortment of Ladies Dres Goods, which consist in part of Coburgs, Thibets, Delaines, Alpaccas, Merinos, black and fancy Silks, &c. &c. Also Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Jeans, &c.

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Buckets, Brooms, Looking Glasses, &c. Their stock consists of every article usually kept in store, which they will be pleased to shew to all who may favor them with a call; and will be sold cheap.

Thankful for past favors, they hope by fair dealing and a desire to please to continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

A large assortment of Boots and Shoes just received and for sale at Shoemaker's Colonade Store. Dec. 12, 1856.

TO FRUIT GROWERS.

The undersigned would call the attention of persons desirous of planting this spring, to his fine lot of apple trees from 5 to 10 feet high, of the most approved varieties, will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers, at the lowest rates, by the hundred.

Persons clubbing together and ordering by the thousand will be liberally dealt with for superior trees. Also a few Peach, Apricot, Nectarine grapes, Gooseberries, Raspberries, &c. All articles labeled and carefully packed to carry safely any distance at the small cost of material. Pears, Plums and Cherries are yet small. For further particulars address a few lines to

T. M. LYNCH, Bedford, Pa.

Feb. 20, 1857.

FOR SALE.

One Cotton Power Loom (new) of Alfred Jenk's make (Bridesburg,) also one Napper Materials of Israel Groff's (Patent) near Lancaster. If the above machinery is not sold before the 26th of March next, it will be sold at Public Auction on that day, together with a variety of domestic woollen goods and carpeting of all kinds. Also live Stock of all kinds, together with Wagons and one Buggy, Farming utensils, horse gears, &c. Also household furniture of every description, and a little of every kind of Goods usually kept in a country Store. Also a number of other articles too numerous to mention. Conditions made known on day of sale, which will continue from day to day until all is sold.

WM. S. FLUKE.

South Woodberry, Feb. 27, 1857.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, respectfully announce to the public generally, that they are now prepared to furnish anything in their line at exceedingly low rates. We are now opening an elegant Stock of Hardware, Cutlery, House Furnishing Goods, Tin Japanned, Brass, French, and Brittania Ware, Willow, Cedar, and Pine Ware, Nails, Glass, Brushes, Putty, &c., &c. A large stock of TIN-WARE constantly on hand, of our own manufacture. Spouting and other work done to order, as usual. STOVES of every description for wood or coal, of which we are just receiving some beautiful new patterns. Also Farm Implements in great variety, warranted as represented, the best and latest Inventions of the day. And, as we are every week receiving goods from Philadelphia, Baltimore, or Pittsburg, we will always endeavor to keep a full supply of everything in our line, or at least furnish any article required at a short notice.

We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Lead Pipe, Water and Pump Fixtures, at low rates. We cordially invite all to give us a call, and especially the Ladies, as we have nearly everything to make house keeping easy from a Needle to a Cooking Stove.

GEO. BLYMIRE,
WM. HARTLEY.

Oct. 3, 1856-1y.

Bedford Springs.

The Company are now erecting an additional Hotel building, new and extensive Baths, and ornamenting and improving the grounds. The total cost of the property, including 1500 acres of land, with these improvements, and Furniture for the Hotels, will be about $230,000 00

Of this sum there is to remain on mortgage for ten years, at 6 per cent, for $100,000 00

To be represented by stock, which is all taken but about $10,000, 130,000 00

$230,000 00

Sources of Revenue—		
Rent of Hotels (offered)	$10,000 00	
Rect's from Baths & Farms,	1,500 00	
Sale of water, estimated to net first year,	8,000-00	
		$19,500 00
Interest on mortgage,	$6,000 00	
8 per cent. on $130,000 stck.	10,400 00	
		$16,400 00
Surplus applicable to contingencies,		$3,100 00

Arrangements have been made for sending water daily, in glass, after April 1st, to the principal cities of the United States; and it is thought the revenue, from the sale of water alone, will in a short time exceed $20,000 per annum.

OFFICERS:

President—PHILIP GOSSLER.

Directors—S. Morris Waln, J. Edgar Thomson, L. T. Wattson, Philadelphia—Espy L. Anderson, Wm. P. Schell, Wm. T. Daugherty, Bedford.

Secretary and Treasurer—S. L. Russell.

Feb. 20, 1857.

LOOK OUT AND SAVE COSTS!

The subscriber, about to leave Bedford, notifies all indebted to him in any manner whatever, that they must make immediate payment, otherwise their accounts will be put in the hands of an officer for collection, without respect to persons.

MOSES STINE.

March 13, 1857.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has e'er been discovered by man,
Like that wonderful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store.
March 6, 1857.

D. K. WUNDERLICH. E. F. NEAD.

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞ They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

*** They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞ Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞ Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

S. J. M'CAULSLIN,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

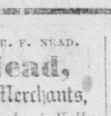
HAS removed his shop to the new Building second door West of the Bedford Hotel, where he is fully prepared to make all kinds of garments for Men and Boys in the most fashionable style, and on reasonable terms. Having had much experience in the business, and being determined to use his best exertions to please, he hopes to receive a liberal share of the patronage of a generous public.

☞ Garments cut to order on the shortest notice.

Bedford, May 23, 1856.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER



Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Blymire & Hartley

WOULD announce to the public that they have just received and opened the most extensive assortment of Hardware and House Furnishing articles ever brought to Bedford, to which they invite the attention of purchasers. Their stock is comprised of so great a variety, that it is impossible to think of enumerating the articles in a newspaper advertisement. Let all who want a good article, at a small profit, call on us and they can be gratified.

March 20, 1857.

JACOB REED

TAKES pleasure in informing his customers and the public generally that he has received, within a few days past, a large supply of NEW GOODS, and a choice selection of GROCERIES, which he offers on the most reasonable terms, for cash or produce. Call and judge for yourselves.

March 20, 1857.

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphan's Court held at Bedford in and for the county of Bedford on the 9th day of February A D 1857 before the Judges of the said Court—

On motion of JOHN MOWER, ESQ. the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Susan Dunkel late of West Providence township deceased, to wit: Elizabeth intermarried with Daniel Stuckey residing in Fulton county, Illinois; Jno. Dunkel residing in Richland county Ohio; David who is dead leaving issus two children viz: David and Susan who are minors residing in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania; Mary who was intermarried with Dunbar Sands but is now dead leaving issue six children who are minors and whose names are not known two of whom reside in Illinois and the others in Bedford county; Jacob Dunkel, Simon Dunkel, Jane intermarried with George Beegle and William Dunkle, all residing in Bedford county, to be and appear at an Orphan's court to be held in Bedford in and for said county on the first Monday 4th day of May next to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Susan Dunkle, deceased, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said court.

{ L. S. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of said court at Bedford, the 16th day of Feb. A. D. 1857.

Attest— D. WASABAUGH, Clerk.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.

March 20, 1857.

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphan's Court held at Bedford in and for the county of Bedford on the 9th day of February A D 1857 before the Judges of the said Court—

On motion of A. KING, ESQ. the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of William Anderson late of Broad Top Township deceased, to wit: Susan intermarried with Christian Broadstone, Wealthy intermarried with Lemuel Evans, Silas Anderson, Lewis Anderson, Amy Anderson, Matilda Anderson, a minor, all residing in Bedford County, Ruth intermarried with Andrew J. Dunlap of Huntingdon County Pennsylvania, and Isabella intermarried with Geo. W. Shreeves of Fulton County, Illinois, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in and for said County on the 1st Monday 4th day of May next to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said William Anderson deceased at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County and to the Sheriff of said County directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

{ L. S. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of said court at Bedford, the 16th day of Feb. A. D. 1857.

Attest— D. WASHABAUGH, Clerk.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.

March 20, 1857.

JOHN BORDER, GUNSMITH,

Will attend to all business in his line in the best style, on short notice and reasonable terms.

☞ Shop at the east end of Bedford.

Dec. 12, 1856.—1y.

IRON.—Blacksmith's and others are informed we have just received a large supply of Refined Iron—warranted best quality.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

BOOTS & SHOES.—The subscribers have just opened a large supply of Boots add Shoes, suitable for Fall and Winter.

A. B. CRAMER & Co.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A

FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical *pill*, but not easy to make the best of all *pills*—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These *pills* produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor, and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient, they afford prompt and sure relief in Costiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofula and Scurvy, Colds with soreness of the body, Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body: and this pill is found to answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. Where their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY

JAMES C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

THIS remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affection of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of COLDS, CORYZA, HOARSENESS, &c., and for CHILDREN, it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by —

Dr. F. C. Reamer, and Dr. B. F. Harry, Bedford, Pa.

Dec. 26, 1856.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞ Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts of Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washington Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

St. Nicholas Hotel,

Cumberland, Md.

The Proprietor respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this house has recently been thoroughly re-fitted and completely renovated, and is now ready to receive guests.

It is the earnest desire and intention of the Proprietor to give perfect satisfaction to those who favor him with their patronage. A liberal share is confidently expected.

SAMUEL LUMAN, *Proprietor.*

Successor to H. R. Dow & Co.

Cumberland, Aug. 10, 1855.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM, containing 200 acres, more or less, in Franklin County, Pa., is offered for sale. Particulars can be had by inquiring of the subscriber in Bedford.

VALENTINE STECKMAN.

May 16, 1856.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading under the name and firm of Heinsling & Brideham, in the Dry goods business, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All business of the late Firm will be attended to by Geo. Heinsling, who is duly authorized to make all collections and pay all debts.

GEO. HEINSLING,
JNO. G. BRIDEHAM.

The undersigned will continue the business in the same place, where he will be pleased to wait on all who may give him a call.

GEO. HEINSLING.

Jan. 27, 1857.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞ Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞ Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞ *All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

BOOK BINDING STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the Public that he still continues to carry on the

BOOK BINDING,

in No. 8 of the Franklin Buildings Chambersburg; where all binding entrusted to his care will be punctually attended to, and bound with neatness and care.

He still continues to keep on hand a good assortment of RELIGIOUS, HISTORICAL Miscellaneous Blank and School Books, Stationery &c., which he will sell on moderate terms.

THOS. W. WRIGHT.

Dec. 7, 1855.

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE AND LOT in Bedford, and a valuable SAW MILL in Shade Township, Somerset county.

The subscribers will sell, on reasonable terms, at private sale, a comfortable dwelling house and lot of ground pleasantly situate in the borough of Bedford.

Also, they will sell, on reasonable terms, a valuable tract of land in Shade Township, Somerset county, containing 390 acres. This land is well covered with cherry, poplar, white pine, spruce, and other timber, and has a fine water power with a good Saw Mill thereon erected. For further information inquire of

MANN & SPANG.

Dec. 28, 1855.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

FALL AND WINTER

BONNETS.

Mrs. GOODZEIT, would announce to the Ladies of Bedford and vicinity, that she has received and opened an elegant assortment of Fall and Winter Bonnets, of the latest styles, and respectfully invites them to give her a call. Her VELVETS and BONNET TRIMMINGS will be found to be very superior, and she is satisfied that she can please all tastes. Her terms moderate, as usual.

Bedford, May 23, 1856—1y.

Henry S. King,

(Of the late Firm of King & Moorhead,)

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS,

Western Produce, &c. &c. &c.

No. 76, Water Street, below Market,

Pittsburg, Pa.

The undersigned will continue the Commission Business at the above place; and having provided himself with suitable conveniences for the storage of Pig Metal, Blooms, Produce, &c. is now prepared to receive consignments.

By long experience in the business, and by constant attention, he hopes to merit a generous share of trade, which he respectfully solicits.

HENRY S. KING.

April 27, 1855.

WM. FOSTER,

WITH

BALDWIN, LINDERMAN & CO.

Importers and Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Goods, Looking Glasses, &c. No 84 North Third St., Philadelphia. All orders solicited and promptly attended to. Sept. 5, 1856.

Bazin's fancy Toilet Soaps, Shaving Creams, &c. just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's cheap Drug Store.

As the season for chapped hands and faces is coming on, we advise our friends to go to Dr. Harry's cheap Drug Store and purchase a box of Bazin's Amandine, for the prevention and cure of chapped hands. Only 37½ cents per box.

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

☞ Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. ASHCOM, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

C. LOVER,

Merchant Tailor,

Takes this method of anouncing to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, and strangers visiting the place, that he has just received at his old stand in Bedford, next door west of the Bedford Hotel, the richest assortment of Cloths, &c., he has ever yet offered to the public, and to which he invites the attention of purchasers, satisfied that he can accommodate, both as to price and quality, all who favor him with a call. He has a Superior article of cloth, for boy's clothing, which he can sell so low as to astonish those who examine its quality.

☞ Garments, of every description, in his line, made to order on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

☞ He would direct attention to the following list, as comprising some of the leading articles to be found in his establishment:

Blk. Cloths, ranging in price from $2,50 to $9,00 per yard;
Blue Cloths;
Olive Browns & Greens;
Blk. Casimeres;
" Doe-Skins;
French Fancy Casimeres;
Linen Drillings;
Plain & Figured Grenadiens;
Superior article of Blk. Satin;
Velvets;
Marseilles Vestings;
Buff Cassimeres;
A fine article of Shirts, latest style;
Lisle thread under Shirts & drawers;
Cotton " "
Shirt collars latest style;
Lawn Cravats;
Blk. Silk "
White Linen Hand'fs;
Summer Stocks;
Superior article of French Suspenders;
Blk. Kid Gloves;
Fancy Colored Kid Gloves;
Silk "
Lisle thread "

and all other articles usually kept by Merchant Tailors and Gent's furnishing stores.

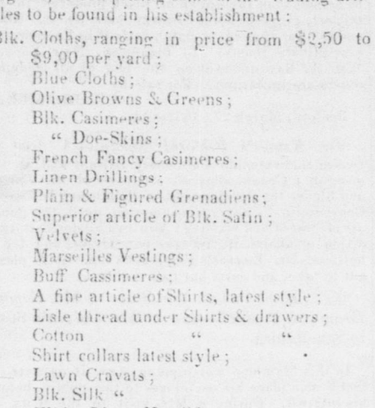
Bedford, May 16, 1856.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber would announce to his old friends and the public in general, that he has removed his HARDWARE STORE to the new building second door west of the Bedford Hotel, where he has just received and opened an extensive assortment of Hardware, embracing almost every article in that line of business. His stock of SADDLERY is of the best quality, and was selected with great care. He would respectfully invite all in want of articles in the Hardware line, to give him a call, satisfied that he can please all who do so.

JOHN ARNOLD.

May 13, 1856.



DENTISTRY.

DENTIST.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale, low, a fine toned Vienna Rosewood Piano Forte.

SAM'L. BROWN.

June 20, 1856.

CARPETING.—All Wool, Rag, Cotton and Hemp Carpeting.

Floor Oil Cloths, White and Check Matting just received by

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Bedford, May 23, 1856.

CLOTHING STORE.

S. SONABORN would announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has just received another large supply of Spring and Summer Clothing for Men and Boys, which he is determined to sell on the most reasonable terms. Thankful for past favors, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of the patronage of a generous public.

Bedford, May 23, 1856.

ATTENTION.

Buyers of Clothing—step This Way.

The attention of the citizens of Hollidaysburg and vicinity is requested to the New Store of M. SHOENTHAL & CO., No. 5 Lloyd's Row, next door to *Brownold & Brother's* Cheap Dry Goods Store, where buyers can be supplied with Clothing of all kinds, and of the very best quality.

Our stock consists of the very best goods in the country, and at prices to suit everybody. The following will give and idea of its variety.

Coats, from	$1,00 to	$25,00
Pants,	62	9,00
Vests,	50	8,00

In connection with Hats, Caps, Overalls, Drawers, Winchester & Scott's Shirts, in fact every article needed by Gentlemen. Also, a fine assortment of Boy's Clothing.

If you want anything good and cheap call at the New Store of

M. SHOENTHAL & CO.

July 4, 1856.

Mrs. S. E. Potts

HAS just returned from the City with an assortment of fashionable WINTER GOODS, such as Velvet and Satin Bonnets, Ribbons, Plumes and French Flowers, Cloaks and Talmahs. Furs of all kinds. An elegant assortment of

DRESS GOOODS,

French Merinoes,
Coburg Cloth,
English Merino,
Plaid Cashmere,
French Merino Robes,
Chintz Robes,
Childrens' Hats and Bonnets,
Coats and Talmahs,
French Worked Collars,
Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
Ladies' Boots and Shoes,
Heeled Gaiters,
Misses and Childrens' Boots and Shoes.

Also a general assortment of all kinds of GOODS.

French and English FANCY GOODS.

Nov. 6, 1856.

Purify Your Blood.

The Wonder of the Nineteenth Century.

Important, and of great Consideration to the Suffering.

T. A. HURLEY'S SARSAPARILLA.

OF all the remedies that have been discovered during the present age for the "thousand ills that flesh is heir to" none equal this wonderful preparation.—Only three years have elapsed since the discoverer (who spent a decade in studying, experimentalizing, and perfecting it) first introduced it to the public, and it is already recognized, by the most eminent physicians in all parts of the country to be the most surprising and effective remedy for certain diseases of which they have knowledge.

All other compounds or syrups of the root, have hitherto failed to command the sanction of the faculty, because, on being tested, they have been found to contain noxious ingredients which neutralize the good effects of the Sarsaparilla, and often times injure the health of the patient. It is not so with Hurley's preparation.

This is the pure and genuine extract of the root, and will on trial, be found to effect a certain and perfect cure of the following complaints and diseases:

Affections of the Bones,	Habitual Costiveness,
Debility,	Indigeston,
Diseases of the Kidneys,	Liver Coplaints
Dispepsia,	Piles,
Erysipelas,	Pulmonary Diseases,
Female Irregularities,	Scrofula or King's Evil,
Fistula;	Syphilis,

And all Skin diseases.

Besides curing the above, it is also known to be a great and powerful tonic, purifying the blood and invigorating the system.

In short, it is, without exception, in the cases mentioned, and its general effect on the system, the most efficacious as it is the most desirable remedy of the age. It is already extensively used throughout the country and is fast obtaining an European reputation. The instances of cures it has effected are daily coming to the proprietors knowledge, and he has no hesitation in recommending it to one and all who desire to procure relief from suffering. One bottle being tried, its effects will be too apparant to admit of further doubt.

Recollect Hurley's Sarsaparilla is the ONLY GENUINE ARTICLE in the market.

Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

☞ This medecine can be procured at all extensive Drug houses.

July 4, 1856—1y*.

15,000 feet of Cherry, Walnut, Poplar, and White Pine Lumber wanted, to manufacture into all kinds of Furniture.

Isaac Mengel, Jr.,

has commenced to manufacture Chairs and Cabinet Furniture in the shop recently occupied by Joseph S. Reed, where he intends to keep on hand and make to order a general assortment of Chairs and Cabinet Furniture of the newest and most approved styles.

Sofas, Lounges, Ottomans, Spring Mattresses, Spring Seat Parlor Chairs, French Rocking Chairs, Cane Seat, Common and Fancy Windsor Chairs, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Secretary, Desk, and Book Cases, and Cottage Furniture of all kinds.

Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Dressing Tables, and, in fact, every article of furniture suitable for housekeepers. The public are respectfully requested to call and see him before purchasing elsewhere.

Ware Rooms one door South of Jno. G. Minnick's Confectionary on Juliana street.

N. B. Sofas and all other furniture repaired on the shortest notice.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Nov. 28, 1856.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞ Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

DOUBLE BARREL GUNS.—Two double barrel guns—twist—warranted, for sale by

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Nov. 28, 1856.

WM. SHAFFER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

WOULD announce to his former patrons, and the public generally, that he has just received, from Philadelphia, a large and well selected assortment of the most choice Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings—also summer wear of every description, to which he invites the attention of purchasers. His cloths, &c., were selected with great care, and he can recommend them as being equal, at least, to any to be found in the place. He also keeps Ready-made clothing of every description, at very low prices—and is prepared to cut and make garments on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. He respectfully invites the public to give him a call.

Bedford, May 23, 1856.

BOOK AGENCY.

The subscribers have established a Book Agency in Philadelphia, and will furnish any book or publication at the retail price free of postage. Any persons, by forwarding the subscription price of any of the $3 Magazines, such as Harpers', Godey's, Putnam's, Graham's Frank Leslie's Fashions, &c. will receive the magazines for one year and a copy of a splendid lithograph portrait of either Washington, Jackson or Clay; or, if subscribing to a $2 and a $1 Magazine, they will receive a copy of either of the three portraits. If subscribing to $6 worth of Magazines, all three portraits will be sent gratis. Music furnished to those who may wish it.

Envelopes of every description and size in large or small quantities furnished. Seal Presses, Dies, &c. sent to order.

Every description of Engraving on Wood executed with neatness and dispatch. Views of Buildings, Newspaper Headings, Views of Machinery, Book Illustrations, Lodge Certificates, Business Cards, &c. All orders sent by mail promptly attended to. Persons wishing views of their buildings engraved can send a Daguerreotype or sketch of the building by mail or express.

Persons at a distance having saleable articles would find it to their advantage to address the subscribers, as we would act as agents for the sale of the same.

BYRAM & PIERCE.

50 *South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

J. H. BYRAM. T. MAY PIERCE.

May 16, 1856—1y.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE undersigned have just opened their usual supply of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

and will take pleasure in showing them, to all who may favor us with a call. Great bargains will be offered for Cash, and all kinds of Country produce—or to punctual customers, a credit of six months will be given.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Bedford, May 2, 1856.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends, and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞ A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞ The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞ Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞ Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

NEW FALL GOODS.

The subscribers have just received a large supply of New Fall and Winter Goods, embracing all the varieties usually found in Store. We are offering GREATER BARGAINS than ever. And we respectfully invite our friends and customers to call and examine our stock.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Oct. 17, 1856.

LADIES' Black Bugle Collars—a beautiful assortment for sale at the store of

CRAMER & CO.

Oct. 24, 1856.

NEW FIRM AT HOPEWELL.

The subscribers, trading and doing business under the Firm of BARNDOLLAR, LOWRY & Co., would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have opened at the above place, and are daily receiving, a large stock of Merchandize, consisting in part of Muslins, Tickings, Osenbergs, Drills, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Cloths, Flannels, Delanes, French Merinos, Silks, Calices, Hats & Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Boots & Shoes, and Groceries of all descriptions.

Also a large assortment of ready-made Clothing, all of which will be sold upon as short profits as can be had in the country.

GEO. R. BARNDOLLAR, JOHN F. LOWRY,
JOHN C. EVERHART. C. W. ASHCOM.

Dec. 26, 1856—1y.

REMOVED.

The undersigned take this method of informing their former patrons, and the public in general, that they have removed their entire Stock of goods from the West end of Bedford to the Colonade Store, lately occupied by Capt Jacob Reed, where they will be pleased to see their old customers, and all who will favor them with a call.

All kind of produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

They hope by fair dealing and evincing a desire to please, to continue to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

July 25, 1856.

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can all be had at Dr. Harry's.

Rousell's unrivalled Shaving Creâm at Harry's.

Shoe, Glassware, and Variety STORE.

ADAM FERGUSON

Has just opened, next door to Minnick's, on Juliana street, a large assortment of Shoes and Boots, of every kind, size and description.—Also an extensive assortment of Glassware, including cake stands, preserve dishes, cake baskets, hall lamps, tumblers, large beer glasses, window glass, card receivers, terra cotta, &c. Also silver cake baskets, and a variety of other articles in that line. He has also on hand the best kind of Tobacco and Cigars, cheese and crackers, carpet bags, Misses satchels, Gentlemen's canes, shotguns, Gentlemen's and Ladies' gloves, of all kinds. Hoisery of all descriptions, and a variety of other articles, not necessary to mention.

Having bought his shoes and glassware, in larger quantities, than is usual for country merchants, he can sell at reduced prices.

Dec. 26, 1856.

NOTICE

TO DELINQUENT COLLECTORS.

Notice is hereby given to all delinquent collectors in Bedford county up to the year 1855, inclusive, that if they pay up the balances standing in their duplicates by May Court, 1857, they will be allowed 3 per cent. on the amount so paid in, over and above the 5 per cent already allowed by law.

By order of the Commissioners.

H. NICODEMUS, Clerk.

Jan. 16, 1857.

W. HOERKENS,

UPHOLSTERER,

Would announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he is prepared to do all work in his line, in the best style, and on reasonable terms. MATRASSES, with or without Springs, made in a superior manner, equal to the best made in the city, and to this branch of his business he would invite especial attention. He may be found at the shop of Michael Weisel, a short distance East of the Borough, or at his residence, nearly opposite the dwelling of Dr. Watson.

Bedford, Nov. 14, 1856.

Jos. W. Tate.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

Has for sale 8 Farms and 12,000 acres of land in Bedford and Fulton counties. Lands sold in quantities to suit purchasers.

Bedford, March 7, 1856—1y.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to S Clairsville, Bedford County, will be prompt attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE

Nov. 24, 1854.